THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1868. VOL. 29.-NO. 62

FOR RENT.

HOUSE FOR RENT.—The Residence of J. Stanwood Menken on Brinkley avenue, north of Poplar street, for rent on reasonable terms. Apply to Menken Bros. oct25 1m

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oct7

FOR RENT.—An elegant Residence on Union street; and two New Cottages convenient to business. Rent very low. Apply to HANSON & SWINGLEY, oct22 tf Attorneys, 15 Union street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The whole or a fractional part of section 13, township 2, range 10 west, in DeSoto county, Miss. 2½ miles from Hurkle-roads and 3 miles from DeSoto Front. About 400 acres on a ridge from 2 to 4 feet above the highest overflow—60 acres cleared.
H. L. BEDFORD,
nov1 1w Germantown, Tenn.

FOR SALE.—A good chance for a baker or confectioner is to buy my place in Columbus, Ky., at the railroad depot and steamboat landing. Very good stand for retail and transient business. Lot 25 by 100, with store, bakery and a good dwelling house. Price $1000. Must be sold within a month.
FRANK KIECHNER, Proprietor.
Columbus, Ky., October 25, 1868. oct28 2w

FOR SALE.—A good second-hand STEAM SAW MILL and fixtures, all complete. Inquire of Henry T. Jones, Adm'r of Wm. C. Harrison, deceased, at Germantown, for terms.
HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r
oct21 law1w of W. C. Harrison, dec'd.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address
au9 tf SAM SHLOSS, Appeal.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 5 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 30. My residence, with from 14 to 30 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
je17 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. se11

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding HORSE. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the livery stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 15½ hands high, very broad across the hips, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 canter, very short body for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M, and J. P. under it, and a J. P. on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scar on one of his ankles, I don't recollect which—has a little worn by collar. I will give fifty dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or one hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.
F. J. BOYDT.
Bardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oct6 1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Incorporators and Stockholders of the Memphis, Kelly Springs, Oaklona and Selma Railroad, at Oaklona, on MONDAY, November 9th, for the purpose of organization. A prompt and full attendance is expected.
oct30 N. B. FORREST, President, pro tem.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. Refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
se8 M A. WRIGHT,

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded on one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.
ap18 A. WRIGHT.

LAWYERS.

JOHN P. CARUTHERS. WM. J. SYKES.
CARUTHERS & SYKES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Ayres Building,
East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
oct6 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,
16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. ma24

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE
PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors
ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.
☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.
Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.
PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.
THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.
The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy5-sep10 1y

S. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

OYSTER BAY,
UNDER THE
VARIETIES THEATER.
Oysters Served in Every Style.
☞ OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. oct27 1m

J. M. Alexander,
(Late of Fulton, Tenn.,)
DEALER IN
New and Second-Hand Furniture,
No. 272 Second Street,
Ayres Building, - - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ STORAGE SOLICITED. oct28 1m

J. STOLTS,
DEALER IN
Coal, Mammoth, Petro and other
Illuminating Oils,
LAMPS, Burners and Chimneys, of every variety; also, Stoves and Tinware. County Rights for sale for the Non-explosive Mammoth Oil. Parties desiring to purchase the Petro Oil can rely upon getting the genuine Cleveland-made article only from me.
oct28 1m J. STOLTS, 56 Jefferson Street.

ITEMS OF ALL SORTS.

—Queen Vic rules over 7,000,000 square miles and 200,000,000 people.

—A little girl at Plaistow, N. H., lately killed herself by eating matches.

—Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass" are to appear in German.

—Milton and Faraday have had new streets in Paris named after them.

—Emerson says Shakspeares sonnets should be read aloud only by poets.

—A thousand lives a year are lost in Great Britain by accidents.

—Wurtemburg still forbids marriages between Christians and Jews.

—A family in Wisconsin all have ten toes to the foot. This is a some toe-tal.

—Great Britain employs over three hundred thousand people in its coal mines.

—The largest advertiser in France is a man who has invented a patented bait for fish-hooks.

—Extremes meet. Spain's last Queen was notoriously loose; Spain's new ruler is certainly Prim.

—A church in Paris, St. Genevieve, presses upon its foundation 80,000 pounds to the square foot.

—The population of British America is four millions, and its area 632,360 square miles.

—A resident of Waltham, Mass., has traveled on the Boston and Fitchburg Railroad 118,000 miles.

—The Grand Duchy of Baden, at the census lately taken, contained 1,484,797 inhabitants.

—Several families in Germany have lately died from poisonous mushrooms and trichinæ pork.

—The Governor-General of India receives $125,000 salary, with another $100,000 for expenses.

—Bayard Taylor is said to be worth $80,000 besides three shares in the New York *Tribune*.

—Sixty thousand gallons of wine will be made this year in the vicinity of Burlington, Iowa.

—A "congress of poets," recently assembled at Saint Remy, in Provence. They ate, conversed, and, alas, wept.

—The Baptist Cemetery, at Woonsocket, has become a common, and cattle, hogs, goats, etc., now graze upon it.

—An Iowa girl of sixteen recently killed a large lynx with a corn-cutter, after it had whipped two dogs.

—More than four hundred thousand life policies are in force in the State of New York, representing upwards of $1,000,000,000 in risks.

—In Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut and New York, the savings banks alone hold $10,000,000 of Government securities.

—British India contains an area of near a hundred thousand square miles and a population of a hundred and fifty millions.

—Edgar Quinet, the author of the celebrated work on the French Revolution, is writing a book on the American War of Independence.

—Henri Rochefort, rumor in Paris says, has been offered a position on the Independence Belge, of Brussels, at a salary of 40,000 a year.

—At Dresden, in the well-known piano forte factory of Earnest Rosenkranz, established 1797, the seven thousandth piano was finished a few weeks ago.

—In the United Kingdom there are 9,036,506 cattle, 35 508 424 sheep, 3,166,300 pigs, and 30 389,845 humans, of which latter Ireland owns 5,522,343.

"Colee Eelee-Oh," "Pip pip-Pipsy-Wipsy-We," "Muffin, Tea, and Crumpet," "She Gives me Lumbago," are the late London popular songs.

—On an inn at Weisenstein, Germany, a vine, measuring two feet in circumference at the bottom, and forty feet in hight and width, produced more than 2000 bunches of rich grapes.

—According to the Chicago *Evening Journal* these three books are the sum total of great libraries: The Bible, Shakespeare, and Webster's Royal Quarto.

—In a Meriden, Conn., family, the father is a Universalist, the mother a Methodist, the son an Episcopalian, and the daughter a Baptist. That family ought to be represented in heaven.

—A Maine man has packed no less than 1,800,000 ears of green corn this year, employing over 700 hands, not to mention huskers, and having 1500 acres of sweet corn under cultivation.

—In 1866 there were in Paris 1,800 000 persons, of whom 1,098,000 were born out of Paris. The city workmen and their families smount, in Paris, to 740,000; servants and door-keepers, 216,000; students, 17,000; and vagabonds, 50 000.

—In New York stock theaters the business manager gets $6000 a year; the stage manager $60 a week; the leading man $75 a week; the leading lady the same; the soubrettes $50, and the ballet $8 a week.

—Louisa Muhlbach, whose books have enabled two German publishers to make a large fortune, is poor. In a recent letter she says that she would like to have money enough to buy a small house and garden, which she might leave to her two daughters.

—The wife of Gen. Moltke, a matron of sixty, was recently severely injured by the explosion of a pistol, fired by her little grand nephew. At first it was thought that the lady could not recover, but the latest reports state that she is out of danger.

—The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company is the largest steam line in the world. The yearly cost of coal is four millions, the whole expenses, $12,235,000, and the receipts half a million more. It has nearly a hundred steamers, running 800,000 miles a year.

—The estimated cost of conveying a ton of merchandise a mile on the ocean is from half a cent to one and a half cents; on the lakes two cents; on the river two and three fourth cents; on the canals two to five cents; and on the railroads from three cents to thirteen and a half cents.

—The quarrel between Wilkie Collins and Crisafulli, the Parisian manager, is becoming more and more interesting. Wilkie Collins has written a rather insulting letter in reply to that in which the French manager demands an explanation about the words "*ce monsieur*," which Wilkie Collins applied to him; and Crisafulli threatens to sue the English novelist for defamation.

—Beust's position in the Austrian Cabinet is considered, in Vienna, very precarious. The Emperor has as yet withstood the importunities of the reactionary party which strongly desires Beust's overthrow; but his irresolution and weakness are always so very great that no reliance whatever can be placed on him. In a month the Absolutists may be again in power, and the Emperor may again issue decrees of proscription against the very men who are now his constitutional advisers.

—Amely Bolte, the German authoress of "Madame de Stael," and other able novels, has lately published in the German papers a letter, in which she expresses her sincere regrets that so many German journalists should have joined in the contemptuous tone in which the French journals speak of the Revolution. Mrs. Cady Stanton, and other prominent American advocates of female emancipation. "Despite some eccentricities," says Madame Bolte, "these noble-hearted American women are fighting a battle in which they should have the sincere sympathies of every chivalrous mind. They are bearding that most formidable monster, prejudice, in its den, and reap, of course, much derision on the part of the thoughtless; but such was the fate of all courageous reformers, from the creation of the world down to the present day."

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

Full, Clear and Explicit Explanation.

The Law and the Constitution.

From the New Orleans Picayune.]

Pursuant to a law of Congress, passed in 1845, electors for President of the United States will be "appointed" next Tuesday. Previous to the passage of this law, they had been appointed on different days, as directed by the Legislatures of the several States, each for itself. The first time at which the election was held on the same day in all the States, was in 1848, when Taylor and Fillmore were elected over Cass and Butler.

The manner of appointing electors is still within the power of the Legislatures of the several States, whether by popular elections in districts, or at a general election, or by the Legislature itself. But all the States have, we think, concurred in passing laws to elect by general ticket. We are not sure that Florida, as constituted, is not the exception.

The Constitutional provision is, that "each State shall appoint a number of electors equal to the whole number of the Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress."

But the Congress has passed a law—the execution of which it has committed to military authority, thereby superseding all civil attempts to contest the validity of the enactment—by which three of the States of the Union, Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, are excluded from the right of voting, and their inhabitants restrained, under the penalties of military law, from attempting to vote for President.

The number of States permitted to vote under these restrictions is 34, of the 37 of which the Union is legally composed.

The whole number of votes of all those permitted to vote would be 317.

The excluded States, entitled to 23 votes, are: Virginia 10, Mississippi 7, Texas 6.

The whole number without mutilation is therefore 294, of which the majority necessary to elect is 148.

We subjoin for convenient reference a list of the States, with the votes to which they are severally entitled.

The recognized States are:

1. Alabama	8	18. Minnesota	4
2. Arkansas	5	19. Missouri	10
3. California	5	20. Nebraska	3
4. Connecticut	6	21. Nevada	3
5. Delaware	3	22. New Hampshire	5
6. Florida	3	23. New Jersey	7
7. Georgia	9	24. New York	33
8. Illinois	16	25. North Carolina	9
9. Indiana	13	26. Ohio	21
10. Iowa	8	27. Oregon	3
11. Kansas	3	28. Pennsylvania	26
12. Kentucky	11	29. Rhode Island	4
13. Louisiana	7	30. South Carolina	7
14. Maine	7	31. Tennessee	10
15. Maryland	7	32. Vermont	5
16. Massachusetts	12	33. West Virginia	5
17. Michigan	8	34. Wisconsin	8
34 States			294
3 States excluded			23
Total			317

Louisiana is entitled to seven of these votes.

The provisions of the constitution as to the method of casting the votes of electors, after being "appointed"—that is, after being chosen in the States—are few.

College is merely a conventional term, employed to describe the aggregate of electors in each State when assembled to vote. There is no such title known to the law. The directions of the constitution are: that the electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, naming them separately in their ballots; sign, certify and seal lists of the persons voted for, and transmit them to the President of the Senate, at the seat of Government; and the President of the Senate is to open the certificates and count the votes, in the presence of both Houses of Congress and declare the result.

The time and manner of doing these things are prescribed by laws of Congress.

By the law in force the Executive of each State is to furnish to the electors, on the day of their assembling, a certificate of their appointment in triplicate.

They are required to meet on the first Wednesday in December at the place which shall have been designated by the law of the State. The State laws have universally designated the seat of the State government in each. They are to vote by ballot, and make three certified and sealed lists, with certificate of appointment attached, and forward them one by a special messenger to the President of the Senate, and one by mail, also directed to him, and one is to be deposited with the United States District Judge of the district in which the electors assemble.

It is required that these lists shall be delivered at Washington before the first Wednesday in January.

In the absence from the seat of Government of the President of the Senate, the lists are to be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be by him kept to be delivered to the President of the Senate "as soon as may be."

Congress is required to be in session "on the second Wednesday of February succeeding every meeting of the electors," when the certificates of the votings of the electors, "or so many of them as shall have been received," are to be opened by the President of the Senate and counted, and "the persons who shall fill the offices of President and Vice President of the United States ascertained and declared, agreeably to the Constitution."

The actual result of this election may be popularly known within a few days, the official votes will not be cast until the first Wednesday in December. The official and authenticated result will not be declared before the second Wednesday, which will be the 10th day of February next.

Finally, by the same laws it is provided that "the term of four years for which a President and Vice President shall be elected, shall, in all cases, commence on the Fourth day of March next succeeding that on which the votes of the electors shall have been given."

AFTER MARRIAGE.

The following is from Mr. Towle's article on "French Marriages," in *Hours at Home*, for November:

"The young wife, who has been a close prisoner all her life, whose every movement has been narrowly watched, who could not put her foot beyond the threshold of her home except in company with one of her elders; who, if she has been sent to school, has found herself literally surrounded by high, plank walls, shutting out the world; whose every natural emotion has been carefully controlled—finds herself at once, all of a sudden, endowed with unrestricted freedom to do what she pleases, go where she pleases and see whom she pleases. From absolute confinement she has leapt with a bound into absolute liberty. She is amazed to find herself on the street alone; she has entered almost a new state of being. And if she has spirit, vivacity and no very substantial leaven of moral and religious feeling, she is too apt to abuse her new found freedom, and to enjoy its license to excess.

"The young husband pursues much the same course of life as that which he pursued in the days of bachelorhood; perhaps, if there is any change, it is to a greater luxuriousness, to a more inveterate devotion to selfish and enervating pleasure. The augmentation of his fortune, (in a large preponderance of cases his incitement to marriage,) enables him to give himself up with less restraint to self gratification. Instead of driving to the races in a hack, and taking a place in the large booth with the *commune vulgus*, he may now be transported thither in his own baroueche, attended by liveried coachman and footman, and may sit beneath the same pavillion which shelters the august heads of the sporting aristocracy. He was wont, in the old days, to mount to the third gallery at the theater; he may now have his *loge* for the season at both theater and opera, his fresh pair of gloves every night, and his enameled lorgnette, with which to ogle the painted beauties on the stage, and the false-haired and eyebrowed belles in the *stalles*. Instead of French cigars, he will have genuine Cuban; instead of the *vin ordinaire*, he will sip St. Julien and Cliquot. He has hitherto belonged to a little puny club in an obscure faubourg; he will now be elected to an aristocratic society on the Rue St. Honore; and whereas he formerly contented himself with a retreat to the paternal country-seat in August, he will now be found amusing himself with *rouge-et-noir* at Baden, promenading the sea-shore and flirting with other men's wives at Biarritz, or emulating the fashionables in water drinking at Vichy.

"It is rarely that either husband or wife find their amusements or comfort at home. They meet at meal time, and after the evening entertainment of each, toward midnight. Often the husband has his circle, the wife hers; the husband will be at one theater, the wife, on the same evening, at another. The wife will have her gentlemen 'admirers,' the husband his favorite sweethearts, or worse."

ANOTHER HORROR.

Explosion of a Locomotive at Gravel Pit Station, on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad---Five Persons Killed and Several Others Wounded.

CINCINNATI, October 30.—A terrible railroad accident took place at Grand Pit, a station distant about eighteen miles from this city, on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, last night, about eight o'clock. A special freight train left the city at 6:25, last evening, in charge of Mr. Mills Howe, conductor, and James Gardner, engineer. Reaching Grand Pit about 7:30 o'clock, the train was stopped on the main track for the purpose of taking wood for the engine. Shortly after the train stopped, and while the brakesman was passing the wood aboard the tender, the engineer oiling the engine, the fireman piling the wood as it came aboard, and the conductor and a party of little boys who had gathered about to see the locomotive, standing alongside the engine, which was the powerful freight locomotive No. 19, the locomotive exploded her boiler with a report that was heard for miles around, and with a force that killed the conductor, fireman, and one of the boys who have since died. The engineer, Mr. Gardner, and a brakeman named Henry Howe, brother of the conductor, Mr. Mills Howe, were also injured quite severely. So terrible was the force of the explosion, that the engine was shattered into a thousand fragments, some of which were thrown to the Kentucky side of the Ohio river, a distance of nearly a mile; while others, large and small, have since been picked up all around the scene of the accident, within a radius of 1000 yards. The conductor, Mr. Howe, was lifted up and thrown against the wood-pile, and struck in the face and body with several fragments of the boiler, and so fearfully mangled and burned by the escaping steam, as to be almost unrecognizable. Both legs were broken, his body crushed to a jelly, his face and neck gashed, and skull crushed. The fireman, John Mullone, who was standing near the fire-doors, was also horribly mangled, and instantly killed. One of the boys, named John Smith, son of one of the employees of the road, residing at Grand Pit, was blown a distance of 300 yards, against a gravel bank, and instantly killed. He was about 12 years old, his brother, a few years younger, was also blown a long distance, together with the flying wood, and so badly injured that he has since died. Another boy, Thomas Murphy, about 15 years old, was lifted up and thrown a distance of 50 feet, against a wood-pile, which fell on his body, completely hiding it from view. He died a few minutes after being taken from the debris. His little brother, about 6 years of age was blown a distance of 40 feet, into a lot of tall weeds, where he was afterwards found, crying lustily, but comparatively slightly injured. Mr. Murphy, father of the boys, resides at North Bend, about five miles below the scene of the disaster; how the engineer, Mr. Gardner, who was standing within three feet of the engine when she exploded, escaped death is a mystery. He was knocked down and pretty seriously injured in the head, shoulders, and hips. He was taken to Lawrenceburg last night, in an insensible condition, but at last accounts had recovered his consciousness and was in a fair way for recovery. Henry Howe, the brakeman, had his hip and knee crushed, and received internal injuries, which it is feared will prove fatal. Several other persons were slightly bruised and scratched by the flying fragments.

OUR FUTURE.

The South to Bring About a Commercial Revolution.

From the New York World, Oct. 27.]

The Southern States promise to be the motive power by which our capitalists and commerce shall be dragged out of the rut in which they have been stagnated since 1865. Last year the South was in debt, and its surplus money was mortgaged to and swallowed up by Northern capitalists. This year they are comparatively free from debt, because their credit is limited. Their crop of cotton, tobacco, etc., are likely to realize in money value more than ever, at least $300,000,000. The Southern crops differ from those of the North and West, essentially so far as they affect our money markets, inasmuch as they command specie in the markets of the world, even on their own soil. Europe and America compete to buy Southern products on Southern products on Southern soil, for cash, at the option of the Southerner, in greenbacks or gold. Besides the $300,000,000 of produce salable for cash, in the markets of Europe and America, the Southerners, owing to their poverty and the crushing policy to which they have been subjected by Congress, and the sentiments which swayed Northern capitalists, have this year raised corn, wheat and other food, which will leave them with a larger amount of surplus cash on hand than the South has ever seen in any one year since the foundation of our Republic. The Southern States before this year were dependent on the Western States for the bulk of their food, but now they are not only wholly independent of them in this respect, but they have commenced to be exporters of wheat and flour. The Southern States will this year realize from their products a cash surplus and net profit, over and above all their expenses of living, of at least $60,000,000. It is no use shutting our eyes to the fact that there is a strong popular prejudice against the national banks throughout the whole Southern country, so that the New York City bank managers will do well to prepare in time for the absorption and retention in the South by private hoarding of at least $60,000,000 in greenbacks, and perhaps some gold. The New York banks are not in the condition they ought to be to respond to this drain for $60,000,000 in greenbacks. The South will not be put off with national bank notes, owing to the strong prejudice which exists against them there. The temporary locking up of greenbacks by stock gamblers, limited to about $10,000,000, is of trifling importance compared with the locking up of $60,000,000 greenbacks in the South. Reference to the contraction of greenbacks by Mr. McCulloch will awaken some doubt as to whether the aggregate amount in circulation will be sufficient to respond to this Southern drain for $60,000,000, without producing a financial crisis in the North. On October 1, 1865, the amount of legal tender notes in circulation was $678,126,948, and on September 1 of this year they were reduced to $387,823,291 legal tenders, and $62 205,000 three per cent. certificates; making the total outstanding legal tenders $459 028,291, showing a decrease of $228 000,000 since October 1, 1865. These are startling facts. They are the opening up of a new era in financial affairs, in which the Southern States are destined to produce a revolution in our banking and currency systems for which every prudent banker and merchant will prepare. "Bank contraction," enforced and inevitable, is near at hand from this drain of greenbacks to the South.

ROBBERIES EXTRAORDINARY.

How the Merchants, Steamship Owners and Railroad Companies of New York Have Been Swindled by Carmen.

From the New York Herald, October 29]

During the past twelve months many of the large mercantile houses of New York, whose customers reside in the distant sections of the Union, particularly in the South, West and Southwest, have been perplexed at the singular regularity with which they have been apprised that cases of goods received by their purchasers did not at all agree with the invoices accompanying them; that not only were there grievous variances with the bills in the number of pieces or quality of certain articles bought in good faith and expected to be received, but there were substitutions of merchandise of inferior qualities that pointed to criminal negligence on the part of the shippers or gigantic rascality of the carriers. Scores of cases are on record among the extensive dry goods firms of our city where those who bought merchandise from them have instantly upon their receipt advised the sellers that packages of silks, valuable cloths and finer qualities of clothing had certain pieces missing, and that in the places thereof were substituted pieces of miserable stuffs, such as Canton flannel, unbleached shirtings, etc., and as a consequence a settlement of the matter was demanded, there must be reductions upon the bills or the missing pieces supplied. Such information to the business firms of our city, whose transactions amount to hundreds and millions of dollars annually, recurring with great regularity, perplexed them severely, and at once they invariably appealed to the porters of their establishments, and closely questioned them in regard to the manner of packing and delivery of such cases. From these employees there never could be obtained the least information; and then in despair the merchants would turn to the buyers, and in many instances deny the statements, or to the carriers of the merchandise, and after representing the circumstance and producing the receipts, showing that such and such cases or packages of goods were "shipped in good order," accused that the property had been stolen *in transitu*, and therefore demanded payment. Steamship companies, whose vessels ply southward, have thus been appealed to, and where payment has been refused suits almost countless in number have issued, thousands of dollars thus being spent in litigation; and, on the other hand, both on vessels, on railroads and in the stores where the goods were purchased, innocent persons have been dismissed on suspicion of being interested in the crime. Again, business connections of long standing have been permanently severed, as the sellers of the merchandise, reposing confidence in their employees, questioned the honesty of those that purchased them, and thus engendered ill will that never could be reconciled.

To that extent have the merchants of New York recently been subjected to such complaints, and so many have been the lawsuits against steamship and railroad owners within the past few months that, after the consultation, it was decided to call to their aid the services of the police, if possible to unravel the criminal mystery surrounding these cases. In accordance with this resolution detectives Farley and Eustace, of the Central office, Mulberry street, were detached to work up the matter and fix the blame upon the guilty parties. With this end in view they have labored zealously, and yesterday afternoon effected such arrests and were witnesses of such criminal actions that the mystery connected with the shipping of dry goods from New York, with the result alluded to, is now no longer inexplicable, but very plain. The blame has, during the entire time, been placed to the credit of the wrong parties. Neither porters, shippers nor buyers have been the guilty persons, but upon the shoulders of the cartmen who have been entrusted with the shipping of the goods rests all the criminality. Their *modus operandi* has been as follows: After receiving the cases for shipment from their stores "in good order," instead of proceeding to the vessel or freight depot where they could ship them, they would drive to certain "fences," or places where stolen goods are received, and there would leave a case or cases, as the boldness of the manipulator suggested, and opening it would, in police vernacular, "weed" it, or extract certain pieces, and from the "fenceman" obtain goods of a very inferior quality, which were substituted; the case or cases would then be nailed up and shipped in "good order." The arrests referred to are these: Messrs. T. Jackson & Co., of 95 Chambers street, are "boss cartmen" and own many carts and employ several men, among them one Michal Feeney. Yesterday he was sent to the clothing house of Messrs. Aisberg, Jordan & Co., No. 51 Walker st., and obtained six or seven cases of goods intended for a Southern port. Instead of driving to the point where they could be shipped, Feeney drove his cart to the "fence" of Samuel Liebeck, No. 143 Laurens street, where he left one of the cases, and then drove his cart to the corner of Thompson and Houston streets, left it and returned to Liebeck's place and went in. The detectives, who had faithfully "piped him," after waiting a certain time, and calling to their aid officer Gaylor, of the Eighth precinct, entered the "fence," and there found Feeney had broken open the case, and one-half of its contents—fine ready-made clothing—was already upon the floor, and articles of a cheap character in readiness to substitute therefor. Feeney acted as if thunderstruck at his arrest, and made a clean breast of it, confessing that he had been engaged in this work for twelve months past, and that he alone knows of about $10,000 worth of goods thus stolen. He gave the detectives the names of other operating cartmen, and from this knowledge brothers "Gus" and John McKee were also apprehended and lodged with him at the Central office.

These arrests exposed a system of villainy the boldest and shrewdest in the annals of crime, and the detectives connected with the case and the merchants who have suffered feel that it will never be known how much has in this manner been stolen, the number of innocent persons that have suffered and the business enemies that have thus been made. There will be additional arrests soon and still more extended developments are expected. It is due to Messrs. T. Jackson & Co. to state that they are innocent of the villainy that their servants have been engaged in.

The query now arises in the early stage of this remarkable criminal case: Will not certain steamship and railroad companies take legal action and cause many merchants of our city to make restitution of the moneys they have paid on account of supposed robberies of goods while they acted as carriers?

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED TO E. P. BATES & CO., Commission Merchants, au25 3m No. 256 Front street.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
se9 3m

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.
DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 38 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.
W. K. HILL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Grocers & Commission Merchants
—DEALERS IN—
Plantation Supplies Generally,
NO. 320 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.
FOR SALE. A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. H. LL & CO.,
au12 3m No. 32 Front street

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale Commissions.* Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep22 daw3m R. A. MOON.

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
se6 3m

WM. VESEY. J. T. CARTWRIGHT.
VESEY & CARTWRIGHT,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 299 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Wines and Liquors always on hand, and for sale at the lowest market rates. Agents for Madison XX Ale.
oct25 1m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.
J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 254 Front Street.
UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us au13 3m

HUCH TORRANCE,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Gen'l Commission Merchant,
NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE
sep16 1m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,
Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
sep13 3m

RALPH WORMELEY,
(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 349 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce, assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.
Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured, unless otherwise instructed.
sep— RALPH WORMELEY.

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.
E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
330 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m

W. J. PORTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 142 Pearl Street, New York.
—REFER TO—
First National Bank, DeSoto Bank, Jackson Insurance Company, Memphis, Tenn.; First National Bank, John W. Allen, Banker, Nashville Tenn.; Thos. Eakin, Banker, New York; Baker & Co., Commission Merchants, Commercial Bank, Lafayette Bank, Dubois & Augur, Commission Merchants, Wm. Glenn & Sons, Grocers, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments, by our Agent.
Maj. J. J. BUSBY, 274 Front St., Memphis
W. G. PATTERSON, of Grenada, Miss., oct11 tf Traveling Agent.

D. H. TOWNSEND,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 256 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers. au19 3mdaw

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,
800 BARRELS
YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,
AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.
oct11-au16 6m daw

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
HANOVER BUILDINGS, - - HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.
☞ Advances made on Shipments to Liverpool and London. oct24 1m

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE!
McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,
NO. 228 MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

MCKINNEY, BRYSON & CO., are now in receipt of their usual fall supply of FURNITURE, CARPETS, etc., at greatly Reduced Prices, and which they offer for sale at prices beyond competition in this or any other market. Their stock of

Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak Antique and Modern Parlor, Bedroom, Library, Dining and Hall Furniture

Is the most extensive and best assorted in the South, together with every variety of COUNTING HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE. To Wholesale Dealers we offer great inducements, having at all times a large stock of Common Bedsteads, Bureaus, Safes, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, etc., purchased specially for the trade.
In their Carpet and Upholstery Department will at all times be found a complete assortment of

Royal Medallion Velvet Carpets,
Tapestry Velvet Carpets,
Body and Tapestry Brussels Carpets,
Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets,
Dutch Wool and Hemp Carpets,
Venitian Twilled, 3-4 and 4-4 wide,
Rugs, Crumb Cloths, Floor and Stair Linen,
Stair Rods and Plates, Cocoa, Manilla,
Canton and Cane Mattresses, Etc.

A full line of CUR

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, *one year*.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, *one year*.....2 50

Any one getting up a Club of Two or more for the WEEKLY *at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.*

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; *each subsequent insertion* 50 *cents per Square.*
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 *cents per line each insertion.*
Monthly advertisements, $8 *for first and* $4 *for each additional square.*
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 30 *cents per line first insertion, and* 12½ *cents per line per month.*
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 4, 1868

PRICE OF THE APPEAL REDUCED.

Hereafter we will furnish, to regular subscribers, the DAILY APPEAL at $10 per annum, and the mammoth WEEKLY APPEAL (the oldest paper in the Southwest) at $2 50 per annum. Mindful of the demand for cheap newspapers, and determined that the public of this region shall have no excuse for an exclusive patronizing of journals published in other cities, we make a reduction that renders our daily and weekly issues as cheap as any papers published in the country.

Of the WEEKLY APPEAL we can confidently assert that at $2 50 a year it is the cheapest paper published in the North as well as South. In size the sheet is 33 by 52 inches, comprising 40 columns of reading matter, embracing literary selections, poetry, all the news of the day, telegraphic and local reports, and commercial and river reports. We challenge the press of the United States to produce a cheaper paper at this price; and yet those subscribing in clubs of two or more may enjoy it at $2 per annum. Now is the time to subscribe. Those subscribers whose terms of subscription have expired should renew at once. Postmasters acting as agents will be allowed the usual discount of 10 per cent. on single subscriptions. Send in your names gentlemen.

THE NEWS.

American securities still keep up their popularity in Germany. Advices from Frankfort state that the Duke of Nassau has recently purchased $2,000,000 or United States loans.

The Legislature of Florida, according to the provisions of a law passed at its last session, met and, on November 3d, will vote for Presidential electors.

Bandmann, the German actor, lately wrote to the manager of the Hamburg City theater that he did not intend to return to Germany, his career on the English stage being by far more profitable.

Mr. Krupp, the great foundry man of Essen, who charges thirty thousand dollars for each of the heavy naval guns cast at his vast establishment, has offered to arm all the new Prussian men-of-war with these guns at half price. His offer was immediately accepted.

Among the architects who have sent in plans and proposals for the erection of the Berlin "Dom" are two Americans. Forty applicants have sent in applications, among them, beside the Americans several Englishmen and Frenchmen, and even a resident of Alexandria in Egypt.

Old Mr. Decker, the King's printer at Berlin, recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his career as a printer. He gave a sumptuous banquet to all the employees of his extensive establishment, and all of them found under their plates at the dinner-table a very pleasant surprise in the shape of a hundred-dollar bill.

An insane admirer of Arelina Patti, in Paris, has published a pamphlet, printed in golden letters and embellished with thirty photographs, representing the little prima donna in all of her prominent roles. It cost him over forty thousand francs to get up this pamphlet, of which only five hundred copies were printed.

The Bishop of Neutra, in Hungary, has a very interesting quarrel with a wealthy Jew, who owns a large estate in his diocese, and, as proprietor of the estate, has the right to choose the priest of the church in the village attached to the estate. The Jew insists on availing himself of his right, against which the Bishop protests. The government has been appealed to to decide the quarrel.

The elevated railway in New York city has been erected for the distance of half a mile, at the lower end of Greenwich street, and their method having proved successful, both as regards its construction and the machinery to be used in its operation, will be extended to the northern end of Manhattan Island. It is asserted that passengers can be conveyed from the Battery to Thirteenth street in fifteen minutes.

Switzerland is afflicted with a horrible epidemic disease, cretinism, which is a state of idiocy, accompanied with an enormous goitre. According to a careful census, recently taken, in the thirteen cantons there were found 3431 cases of cretinism and 628 cases of insanity. As the population of the country amounts to 2,632,118 inhabitants, it follows that these 4059 persons of weak mind give the enormous proportion of one mentally diseased person in 322 inhabitants, and even this is believed to be below the truth.

There was loud rejoicing at the Court of Italy when the news reached Florence that Queen Isabella had been compelled to leave Spain. King Victor Emanuel was ungallant enough to express his satisfaction at the sad fate which had befallen his Spanish sister, to several German diplomatists to whom he gave audiences on the day when the news of Isabella's flight from St. Sebastian arrived. To Count Usedom the King said: "These Bourbons are a standing danger to the cause of monarchy and good order in Europe."

The Mormons, it is stated, have issued a large amount of paper currency, which circulates very freely throughout Utah territory, and appears to be popular with the inhabitants. The notes are of various denominations, the larger from one dollar upward, resembling the legal tender issues from the United States Treasury. The small half dollar notes have on the right hand margin a bee hive, and on the left a female figure; and, the Treasurer of the Great Salt Lake City Corporation will pay to the bearer fifty cents, payable in United States currency, and are signed by Hobert Campbell, Auditor Public Accounts.

It is reported that in the South the schools and colleges for both sexes are at present more numerously attended than in any previous year. At the University of Virginia there are over 500 students. At Washington College, over which Gen. Lee presides, there are nearly 400, and at the Virginia Military Institute over 200. Emory and Henry, in Washington county, opened its fall session with nearly 300. Hampden Sidney has nearly or quite 100. Randolph Macon at the latest accounts had about 75, and daily accessions were being made. Richmond College has largely over 100.

The Union Pacific Railroad will in a few days be so far completed, that passengers by traveling continuously may pass over the line from Philadelphia to San Francisco in eleven days. The time from Philadelphia to Omaha is now three days, and on Tuesday next the railroad is to be opened to Bryan, 500 miles from Omaha. This will shorten the time between Omaha and San Francisco to eight days. From Omaha to Bryan the time will be forty hours; from Bryan to Salt Lake City, thirty-two hours, by stage; from Salt Lake City to Wadsworth, four days; from Wadsworth to San Francisco, by the Central Pacific Railroad, one day. The fare from Omaha to Bryan is $84 15, and to Salt Lake, $110; to Sacramento, $230.

Advices from Italy bordering on the southern slope of the Alps, report that serious floods and inundations have taken place in that region, in consequence of the heavy rains that had fallen during the month of September. On September 27th a terrific storm occurred, causing tremendous avalanches, which swept away entire villages and heavy torrents of water which broke down the roads. The valley of the river Po was inundated. The valley of the Tiefno was devastated, the soil having been carried away down to the solid rock. The road over St. Gothard pass was destroyed, as well as the causeways and bridges over the Little St. Bernard and the Splugen. The Simplon road, for many miles, was covered with water several fathoms deep. In North Italy the only practicable road is over Mount Cenis.

THE RETURNS.

In our telegraph and local columns we publish this morning full returns from all sections of the country of the election for President and Vice-President, and in our own State for members of Congress.

Of the result we can only say that in this District Dr. LEFTWICH has been elected to Congress, and that GRANT and COLFAX lead our candidates in most of the States by majorities large enough to insure their election, and significantly suggestive of a personal popularity for GRANT that few gave him credit for possessing.

Beyond this we cannot venture an opinion. But we may be pardoned the self-congratulation, if we remind our readers that the APPEAL is clear of the taint of the negro-suffrage doctrine engrafted upon the Democratic platform of this State, and which only induced eighty-six voters of color in support of our ticket, in the city of Memphis.

TO THE BULLETIN.

A special dispatch published in the APPEAL of Monday has been paid for by the APPEAL. The *Bulletin* has no share in it, and will not have to pay one cent for it. As to the truth or falsity of its statements, we presume that the names of the gentlemen appended to it is sufficient guarantee that they would not subscribe to a barefaced falsehood.

PERSONAL.

We have to thank Mr. ED. A. GARLAND, of Water Valley, Miss., for a special report of the Fair at that place. We hold ourselves prepared to reciprocate the favor when occasion offers.

Gen. J. W. BARNES, of Texas, prominently connected with the International Pacific Railroad from Cairo to San Blas, called upon us last evening and gave us much of interesting and encouraging news in regard to that great enterprise. The General is stopping at the Worsham House for a day or two, and would be pleased to meet such of our citizens as are interested in the International or collateral roads.

By Telegraph.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(Via the Southern Pacific and Atlantic Lines.)

Special to the Memphis Appeal.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, November 3.—Seymour, 21,553; Grant, 912. Gov. Fenton says that New York has gone Republican by 10,000.

CUMBERLAND, MD., November 3—District No. 6, official—Seymour, 179 majority.

CARROLL COUNTY, MD., November 3. Six districts give a Democratic majority of 461. Five districts to hear from will reduce it to 300.

Maryland will give about 35,000 for Seymour. Many counties cannot be reached by telegraph, and not enough is known to make an estimate. Don't think Maryland will give over 35,000 Democratic majority.

Ohio.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—Total Republican gain in this city is 2622. All wards are in. The Republican majority in Hamilton county will be fully 5000.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—Full returns of all the wards give a Republican majority of 4896. The prospects will probably increase the majority.

Hamilton county gains 2000 over the October election.

Republican gain in the city, 2622.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—The State Committee of West Virginia claim 8000 Republican majority.

Republican gain in Vallandigham's district about 1000.

Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, KY., November 3.—Seymour, 540; Grant, 177.

GEORGETOWN, KY., November 3.—Seymour, 487; Grant, 38. For Congress, Beck, 485; Eginton, 32. This is a Democratic gain of 25 on the August vote. Democratic gain in the county.

Fifteen townships in Indiana show Republican gains of 500.

LOUISVILLE, November 3.—Seymour 8874; majority 7467.

MAYSVILLE, KY., November 3.—Republican gain of 157.

COVINGTON, KY., November 3.—Seymour's majority is 568. Republican gain 366 since the August election.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—The Republican majority is 4000. Six wards heard from show a Republican gain of 750 over the last election.

The First ward of this city gives 750 Republican majority, gain 258; Second ward, 961 Democratic majority, loss 100; Third ward, 144 Democratic majority, loss 59; Fifth ward, 964 Democratic majority, loss 128; Seventh ward, 961 Republican majority, a gain of 224; Eighth ward, 246 Republican majority, a gain of 224; Ninth ward, 306 Republican majority, a gain of 116; Tenth ward, 1314 Republican majority, a gain of 161.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Eleventh Ward 985 Democratic majority.

PITTSBURG, November 3.—Fourteen wards in Pittsburg gives Grant 1792 majority.

Seven wards in Allegheny City gives Grant 4041 majority.

Reports from thirty-two districts in Allegheny county indicate a Republican majority of 1360 over the October election. Allegheny county will surely give a majority of 11,000.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—Twenty-six ward gave Grant 3051, Seymour 1892.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, November 3.—The city is estimated at 3000 Republican majority, a gain of 4000 over last spring.

It is estimated that the State will give 50,000 majority for Grant.

North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 3.—This State has gone largely Republican.

Miscellaneous.

Boston gives 4000 to 5000 Republican majority.

New Hampshire gives 6000 Republican majority.

Rhode Island makes a clean sweep for Grant.

Great gains are reported in Maine.

Indications are that Alabama will go for Grant.

Gen. Butler telegraphs: "I am elected by 6000 at least, over all opponents."

The returns from the State of New York are very meager and indicate a close vote.

Massachusetts returns indicate seventy thousand Republican majority.

Connecticut returns indicate twenty-five thousand Republican majority.

Pennsylvania will give a Republican majority of at least twenty thousand.

Forty two townships in Indiana give a Republican gain of 4842.

All the returns received from Ohio and Indiana indicate a large gain.

Forney claims Pennsylvania by 18,000 majority.

Philadelphia has gone Republican by 2000 majority.

Fifty-six towns in Connecticut shows 33 000 Republican gain.

Reports from North Virginia show Republican gains.

Cincinnati specials from Chicago on scattering returns show the following Republican majorities: Illinois, 40,000; Indiana, 10,000; Wisconsin, 15,000 to 20,000; Minnesota 9500; Iowa 50,000; Michigan 25,000; New York city, Democratic majority from 50 000 to 55 600; the Republicans claim the State by 15,000 to 20,000 majority; Hoffman, however, says he is elected, but sufficient returns have not yet been received to decide the result.

Returns from Connecticut indicate a Republican majority of about 3000.

The Democrats claim five Congressmen elected in New Jersey.

The Republicans claim Pennsylvania by from 15 000 to 20,000

Nothing definite from Maryland.

Nebraska has gone 4500 majority for the Republicans.

The Republicans claim Alabama. Louisiana goes for Seymour.

New York and Brooklyn will give about 70,000 majority for Seymour.

Fifty-five townships in Indiana show a Republican gain of 974. Democratic gain, 97. The same ratio gives the State to the Republicans by 16,000.

New York.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Seymour's majority in New York will be about 55,000.

UTICA.

UTICA, N. Y., November 3.—Gov. Seymour arrived home last evening. He was received by thousands of his fellow-citizens, and escorted to his headquarters at the Butterfield House. He was called out, and he delivered a most eloquent and feeling acknowledgment of the kindness of his neighbors and friends.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The Hon. Samuel R Betts, for more than forty years Judge of the United States District Court of New York, died at midnight last night, at New Haven, from apoplexy.

The elections in this city and Brooklyn passed off quietly up to the close of the polls, with the exception of small fights and disturbances at two or three precincts, which were promptly and easily quelled by the police, and the offenders arrested.

Upon the application of Gov. Fenton on yesterday, Secretary Schofied instructed the Commanding General of the troops to place them at the Governor's disposal in case of necessity.

A number of arrests were made in both cities for illegal voting during the day, and the parties arrested were committed or held to answer.

Voting was very lively during the day at many of the precincts, and an average of four votes per minute were cast.

Dispatches from Boston and Hartford show that Grant made very heavy gains.

Private dispatches from Gen. Butler's district state that, judging from the returns thus far, he will be elected by a large majority.

The storm of the past two days ceased last night, and the sun rose this morning in a cloudless sky. The polls were opened to a long line of voters, and the best of feeling prevailed. There is, however, a very deep feeling prevailing, which requires the most judicious management to prevent a riot from occuring. In the sheriff's office during the day, deputy sheriffs were being enrolled for the special duty of maintaining the peace, and the number thus enrolled is reported at one thousand.

Mayor Kalbfleisch, of Brooklyn, has issued a proclamation calling upon all good citizens to aid in preserving the peace, and at his request Sheriff Campbell, of Kings county, swore in one thousand deputies.

The grand jury continues to indict parties for holding fraudulent naturalization papers.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Gen. Slocum is elected to Congress by 4000 majority.

173 election districts out of the city give Grant 24,681. Seymour 49,013. Seymour's majority in the city will be about 55,000. The total vote of the city will be about 150,000. The State is close and doubtful.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, November 3.—The vote of the city is not yet all counted. Four wards to be heard from. The other six wards give Grant 2296, and Seymour 646. In the county four precincts give Grant 43, and Seymour 243. The wards not reported will increase Grant's majority several hundred. Prosser runs ahead for Congress, and is elected no doubt by a large majority.

The *Union and American* specials from Giles, Maury, Rutherford, Franklin and Coffee show very heavy Democratic gains. Fears are felt by Republicans that Tillman is defeated in the Fourth District for Congress in place of Mullins. Arnell's majority over Buck at Columbia was 500.

LATER—11 p.m.—All the city has been heard from save one ward. It gives Grant 3552, and Seymour 920. Chattanooga gives Grant 761, and Seymour 171. Franklin gives Grant 435, and Seymour 247. The vote in the county is light. Arnell leads Buck at Clarksville, and is re-elected to Congress.

Special dispatches report Democratic majorities at Tuscumbia, Decatur, Athens and Bridgeport in Alabama, and in the chief towns of Georgia.

MAINE.

PORTLAND, ME., November 3.—Returns from the election in this State show considerable Republican gains over the September election. In this city the results stand: Grant, 3230; Seymour, 1838; against a Republican vote of 3357 and a Democratic vote of 2379 in September, being a Republican gain of 414.

In Bath the vote stood: Grant, 1022; Seymour, 347; against a Republican vote of 1030 and a Democratic vote of 425 in September—Republican gain of 41.

In Saco the vote stood: Grant, 823; Seymour, 388; against a Republican vote of 850 and a Democratic vote of 448 in September—Republican gain of 84.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, November 2.—The *Moniteur* to-day editorially reminds the journals which have been in the habit of criticising the government that such a course is forbidden.

MADRID, November 2.—The provisional government has issued a decree sanctioning the holding of public meetings, in places where the people have pronounced for the government. The city of Barcelona decides to pronounce Espartero King of Spain, in case the Cortez should pronounce for a monarchy.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 3.—Seventy-eight towns heard from in Indiana show a Republican gain of 1148 over the October election. At the same ratio of gain over the State, Grant's majority will be 14,000.

OHIO.

CLEVELAND, November 3.—The returns are scattering but becoming more complete. All of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, without exception, show large Republican gains.

The majority in the State will probably be about 25,000 for Grant. The city gives a Republican gain of 1282 over the October election. Cuyahoga county will give 4500 for Grant.

A dispatch from New York, 10:50 p.m., says the Democrats claim the State for Hoffman, and the Republicans for Grant. Cannot give anything definite.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—Returns from all the wards in this city give Grant 4890 majority—a Republican gain of 2800. The county will give Grant nearly 5000 majority.

Private dispatches give 60,000 majority for Republicans.

COLUMBUS, November 3.—The State Committee claim the State Republican by from 35,000 to 40,000 majority.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 3—11:40 P.M.—Dispatches from New York say returns from that State indicate a small majority for Seymour. Hoffman runs 2000 or 3000 ahead. The Legislature is Republican.

GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, November 3.—The negroes appeared in great numbers when the polls opened this morning, and took entire possession of the polling places. This continued until about 7 o'clock. Every white man who came to vote was clubbed away. Finally a fight commenced, and the negroes were driven back by the whites, who then commenced to vote. In a few minutes the negroes rallied and attacked the whites. A negro deliberately drew a pistol and shot a policeman in the stomach, mortally wounding him. The fighting then became general in the crowd, when the police came to preserve order. The negroes fought them desperately, and finally the police used pistols, when the negroes broke and run. Five negroes were killed and several wounded.

Four policemen wounded—one mortally.

A young lady residing in a house opposite the Court House was also shot by a ball which come through the window, but not dangerously hurt.

Trouble anticipated to-night.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—The following election returns are compared with the October elections: In the 5th ward Seymour's majority 942—a Republican gain of 145

The polls closed at 6 o'clock this evening. Partial returns indicate a Republican majority in the city of about 3000. The Booth Boys are already selling Seymour Salt River tickets, and the Republican clubs are making preparations for a parade to-night.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—Mr. Grow, chairman of the Republican Committee, says Pennsylvania has gone Republican by 15 000 majority.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, November 3.—The weather is beautiful. The election is proceeding quietly in all directions. Indications point to a very large vote being polled.

Kentucky's majority for Seymour will be about 50,000.

As far as heard from the election throughout the State passed off very quietly. The vote of the city is as follows: Seymour 8884. Grant 1406; Democratic majority 7478—a Republican gain of nearly 1000 since the August election. The returns from fourteen towns give Seymour 5174, Grant 1000. The indications are that both parties have largely increased their vote.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, November 3.—In the First District, Mills, for Congress, (Dem.,) runs ahead of his ticket. He will have 1500 majority in this county, and will reduce Beaman's majority to about 1500.

Returns from three wards in Detroit City show small Republican gains.

Scattering returns from all points of the State show considerable Republican gains over the vote of 1866. The State will probably give Grant 20,000 majority.

The chairman of the State Central Committee says scattering returns show Republican gains over 1866. Republican majority in the State probably 25,000.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, November 3.—Twelve precincts give Grant 6735, Seymour 4025; six precincts in the first district give Gen. Pile, Radical candidate for Congress, 3044; Welles, Democrat, 2036. Returns come in slowly. Both parties claim the Congressman in the first district, but the chances are in favor of Welles, Democrat. The constitutional amendment for negro suffrage will be defeated in this county. DeSoto county gives Grant 167, Seymour 68; Republican majority 99; no loss or gain.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, November 3.—Montgomery county gives 4000 Republican majority, but the State is in doubt.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, November 3.—Returns from twenty towns show large Republican gains over October. The Secretary of the Republican Committee claims the State by 8000 majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, November 3.—This State shows heavy gains for Grant. His majority will probably be about 75,000.

All Republican Congressmen, including Butler, are elected by large majorities.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, N. H., November 3.—Returns from forty towns indicate that the Republicans have carried New Hampshire by from 5000 to 7000 majority.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, November 3.—The city has gone largely Republican. In the First Congressional District Conservatives are elected.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 3.—Rhode Island will probably give 5000 majority for Grant.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 3.—The city has gone Democratic. The State is in doubt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alleghany county, Penn., has given a majority of 4000 for Grant.

Maine gives 28,000 Republican majority.

New Hampshire is claimed to have gone Republican by 8000 majority.

Baltimore, Md., gives 12,665 Democratic majority.

In fifty six towns in Connecticut there is a Republican gain of 2537. Republican majority in the State is estimated at 2500.

Chicago gives 4200 Republican majority, and Cook county 7000 Republican majority.

Returns for Governor of New York come in slowly, but it appears that Griswold, Republican, runs more than ten per cent. behind Grant, and that which Griswold loses Hoffman gains.

The entire Democratic Congressional ticket is elected in Kentucky.

In the Second Ward, Philadelphia, the majority for Seymour was 1061. Democratic gain, 58.

In Maine the Republican majority in the State is about 27,000 against 20,000 in September.

Indications are that the State of Nebraska has gone Republican by over 4000 majority.

The Republicans claim the State of Michigan by 2500 majority, and that all six Republican Congressmen are elected.

A. R Wallace, Chairman of the Democratic Committee, gives Pennsylvania to the Republicans by 15,000.

The returns from Illinois come in slowly. Those from the Northern part of the State show Republican gains, while those from the Central portion show Democratic gains. The indications are that the State has gone for Grant by from 45,000 to 50,000 majority. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Districts elect Republican Congressmen. In the Eighth Calhoun, Republican, is probably defeated. The Democrats carry the Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Districts. The returns are meagre from the Twelfth and Thirteenth Districts.

West Virginia has gone Republican by 6800 majority.

Alabama has probably gone Democratic by a small majority.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, November 3.—River five and a half feet.

LOUISVILLE, November 3.—River stationary with three feet four inches in the canal.

CAIRO, November 3.—Down—Rob Roy 9 p.m., Darling 3 p.m., Shark 7 p.m. Up—Cora S. 6 a.m.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Cotton steady; sales 1800 bales of uplands, 25½. Superfine flour, $9 10@9 30. Whisky quiet. Rice nominal. Coffee in fair request. Sugar—Cuba, 11@11¾. Molasses firm.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 3.—Cotton easy, with but little doing on account of the election. Middlings, 23¾; sales 1400 bales; receipts 3687; exports 3290 bales. Sterling 45@46¾; New York sight, ¼@¾ discount; Gold, 31¾@32. Sugar Molasses in fair demand and unchanged. Flour dull; superfine, $6 75; choice, $8@11. Corn, oats and bran in moderate demand. Hay—Choice $1 at $31. Pork firm at $32 50. Bacon market nearly bare; shoulders 14¾@15; rib sides, 18¾; clear sides, 19¾. Lard scarce and active at 19@19¾. Keg, 22. Coffee unchanged.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, November 3.—Sales 39 hhds. tobacco, medium logs, at $6 70; medium new leaf, $11; old leaf, $12 75. Cotton, 23@23½. Flour, superfine, $6. Wheat, $1 75@1 95. Corn, old in bulk, 93; new, 90. Oats in bulk, 53. Rye, $1 55. Mess Pork nominal. Bacon, shoulders, 13½@13¾; clear rib sides, 16¼@17; clear sides, 17¾@18; Lard, prime, 17½. Whisky, raw, $1@1 05.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, November 3.—Tobacco—No sales. Flour, superfine, $4 75@5. Corn, 85@90. Oats, Pork $29 50; Bulk hams, 11½; Bacon, clear sides, 18@18½. Lard, 17½@18. Whisky, $1@1 05.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, November 3.—Flour dull. Wheat unchanged. Corn, old, 95; new, 60@62. Oats, 58. Cotton dull at 23½. Whisky steady at $1. Bacon, shoulders, 11; sides, 18@18. Green meats, 8@8 and 13. Hogs, $3@3. Flaxseed, $2 20.

Money stringent; call, 8; Sterling unchanged and steady; Gold, 132¾; new Tennessee, 67.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, November 3.—Consols, 94¾; 5-20s, 74¾.

FRANKFORT, November 3.—Bonds weak at 77¾@78¼.

LIVERPOOL, November 3.—Cotton steady; sales 12,500 bales; middling uplands, 12¾; Orleans, 12¾. Breadstuffs unchanged.

MARRIED.

SIPHERS—McWILLIAMS—At 110 Monroe street, by Rev. Dr. Witherspoon, at 4 o'clock, Mr. W. A. SIPHERS, of this city, to Miss JANE MCWILLIAMS, a native of Scotland.

JONES—McMAHON—November 3, 1868, at the residence of F. Lane, by the Rev. J. M. Schwaner, Mr. CLAYTON R. JONES and Miss RACHAEL M. MCMAHON.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

R. O. BRADLEY,

No. 377 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

—DEALER IN—

CARRIAGES,

ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,

Park Phætons, Buggies, Wagons

nov4 tf

GOLDEN RIDGE BLANKETS,

F. F. B. BLANKETS,

CLINTON BLANKETS,

CRIB BLANKETS,

—AT—

MENKEN BROTHERS.

Misses Walking Suits,

Boys' Cloth Suits,

Misses and Childrens' Sacques

Infants' Cloaks,

—AT—

MENKEN BROTHERS.

Spanish Veil Nets,

Roman Scarfs,

English Canton Flannels,

Shaker Flannels,

Flannels for Infants' Wear,

—AT—

MENKEN BROTHERS.

Cloaks—Velvet and Cloth,

Vienna Broche Shawls,

Scotch Plaid Shawls,

Silks, Velvets, Satins,

—AT—

MENKEN BROTHERS.

FURNITURE!

E. FEGAN,

Successor to John A. Dickinson,

256 Second Street, Irving Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

I am daily receiving all the new styles of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room, Hall and Office Furniture, which I will sell at Louisville and Cincinnati prices (adding eight only), and offer unusual inducements to cash customers.

nov1 1m

AUCTION.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Northeast Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

VALUABLE FARM

—AND—

GARDEN LANDS

NEAR MEMPHIS,

AT PUBLIC SALE

WE ARE DIRECTED BY THE OWNERS to sell, at Public Sale, WITHOUT RESERVE, the following valuable Real Estate, which will be offered at our Salesroom, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, in the city of Memphis, at 12 o'clock, on

Wednesday, the 11th of November,

The CANNON TRACT, on the Randolph road, just north of the town of Raleigh, and near the celebrated Raleigh Springs. This tract will be sold in three divisions—one embracing the improvements, now occupied by Wm. Cannon, containing 175 acres; one other division of 175 acres, with a good proportion of timber, and the other of 75 acres, all timber.

This property is put on the market to BE POSITIVELY SOLD, and should receive the attention of all parties wanting a permanent interest in the soil.

TITLE PERFECT.

—ALSO—

Fifty Acres in the Pope Tract,

FIVE MILES FROM THE CITY,

ON THE OLD RALEIGH ROAD,

Divided to suit purchasers. This land is admirably suited for Market Gardens, being good soil and free of timber. The land will be shown at any time to parties wishing to purchase.

☞ OUR INSTRUCTIONS ARE TO SELL WITHOUT RESERVE

Terms at sale.

TRADE SALE

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS.

Our regular Trade Sale will take place on THURSDAY, November 5th, when we shall sell, without reserve, about Fifty Cases BOOTS, SHOES and HATS, in lots to suit the trade.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY)

A VARIETY OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,

nov4 AUCTIONEERS.

GROCERIES AT AUCTION

By A. E. FRANKLAND,

197 Main Street, - Webster Block.

SALES DAILY 10 O'CLOCK A.M.

Groceries, Glassware, Furniture, Sundries!

nov1 1w A. E. FRANKLAND, Auctioneer.

A. E. FRANKLAND,

AUCTION

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

No. 197 Main Street,

WEBSTER BLOCK, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRICT attention paid to all business intrusted to my care. *Account sales rendered immediately after sales, and prompt returns. Ample accommodation for Storage.*

A. WALLACE the Veteran Auctioneer, will be found at my house, to attend to all his old friends and patrons.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of all my friends.

oct 1m A. E. FRANKLAND.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 tf

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

WHEATON NURSERY

Established in 1840.

A LARGE variety of Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Evergreens and the finest varieties of Fruit Trees; also, a full assortment of Hot House Plants and Flowers, and everything usually found in a first-class Nursery, which I offer for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The stock on hand having accumulated for the last few years, it becomes necessary, on account of a want of room, to dispose of the surplus, which I will offer at greatly reduced prices, and cheaper than any Nursery north or south of this point can possibly furnish them.

They are the selections of the late Dr. Wheaton, whose long experience is the best guarantee of their being not only what they are represented to be, but as being peculiarly adapted to the Southern climate—a market for which he devoted his especial study.

In addition to the above, I have a very large stock of Magnolias, which I can offer at greatly reduced prices, and which will be carefully packed for transportation by an experienced gardener.

Catalogues, with prices and any information wanted, will be sent on application to

WADLY THOMPSON,
P. O. Box 120, Memphis, Tenn.

Terms cash or city acceptances. nov4 dawtf

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of the authority vested in me by Deed of Trust executed to me by James D. Ruffin on the 4th day of December, 1867, to secure the payment of certain debts therein specified, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 62, pages 516 and 517, I will, on

Saturday, the 5th Day of December, 1868,

At 10 o'clock a.m., at the northwest corner of Main and Vance streets, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, an undivided one-half interest in the following described lot or parcel of land in the city of Memphis, to-wit: The south part of block No. 27: Beginning at the northwest corner of the intersection of Main and Vance streets; thence north with the west side of Main street (100 feet) to a stake; thence west and parallel with Vance street 150 feet to a stake; thence south and parallel with Main street 100 feet to the north side of Vance street; thence east with Vance street 150 feet to the beginning. Equity of redemption waived, and the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee. JOHN JOHNSTON, Trustee.

November 2, 1868. nov3

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

sel tf No. 7½ Madison Street.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,

No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.

jel4 dtfawlm

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

A. SEESSEL & SON,

Beg leave to offer to the Public their Immense

SECOND STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Silks,
Satins,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,
AND A VARIETY OF

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,

Which we propose to SELL at prices defying EASTERN AUCTION SALES.

Trimmings, Buttons and Novelties, a Splendid Assortment.

OUR STOCK OF CLOAKS,

Manufactured under our supervision, in the East, which we defy HOME MANUFACTURE. An immense Stock of FURS, FURS, at prices to suit the Public. In addition to the above,

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS

—FOR—

JOBBING AND PLANTATION PURPOSES COMPLETE.

☞ All we ask is a call. Try us and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,

259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

100 PIECES BLACK SILKS,
200 " COLORED SILKS,
50 " SATIN,
100 " IRISH POPLINS,
200 " FRENCH POPLINS,
200 " EMPRESS CLOTHS,
100 " FRENCH MERINOS,
250 " MEDIUM PRICE DRESS GOODS,
500 " CHEAP DRESS GOODS,
200 BLACK ALPACAS,

—AT—

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Bought in New York from Wilmerding, Hognet & Co., at their

RECENT LARGE SACRIFCING SALE OF IMPORTED GOODS,

And we take pleasure in offering

OUR PATRONS THE BENEFIT

—OF THIS—

CHEAP PURCHASE

TO MERCHANTS WE OFFER INDUCEMENTS

In the above Goods, in which we

DEFY COMPETITION ANYWHERE,

New York not excepted!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

AMOS WOODRUFF, President, BEN. MAY, Secretary.
T. A. NELSON, F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents. CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Ass't Secretary.
F. S. DAVIS, Treasurer.

Capital, : : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : : 102,742 06

DIRECTORS:

T. A. NELSON, A. WOODRUFF, R. C. BRINKLEY, F. M. WHITE, C. P. NORRIS,
SAM TATE, H. A. PARTEE, C. C. SPENCER, C. W. FRAZER, CHAS. KOR

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

THE FINE weather still continues; yesterday was like spring.

ILLEGAL VOTING.—Five arrests were made in the upper district yesterday, for illegal voting. All colored.

JOE LOCKE, 236½ Main street, has all the latest dailies, weeklies and monthlies, books, stationery, base balls, etc. 1w

GARROTED.—Mr. J. M. Murphy was enticed into the Webster Building last night about eleven o'clock, and was knocked down and robbed of fifty-five dollars.

THE Board of County Commissioners did not meet yesterday. On Monday they passed a very large lot of appropriations and altered about a dozen tax assessments.

THE attention of the city fathers is called to the propriety of a change of market hours now that Jack Frost has made his appearance in full uniform.

WOMAN SHOT.—A woman was shot—so says Madame Rumor—last evening near the Charleston depot. No particulars had arrived at either stationhouse at half-past twelve this a.m.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—A colored woman was accidentally shot by Henry Johnson, near the corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, about six o'clock last evening. Her name is Ellen Casey. The wound was not considered dangerous.

A PAIR OF THIEVES.—Dan Driscoll, a notorious thief, was, together with another thief named Jack Murphy, arrested last night. Upon their persons were concealed weapons, while Driscoll had a lot of burglar's tools in his pocket.

"CUSSED."—We understand that Godfrey Wilkerson, becoming *huffed* with a certain couple of scalawags *pere et fils*, yesterday, gave both of them a tremendous "cussing"—which they took most complacently.

THE RESULT of the "honeyfuggling" and the prostitution of principle to the "expediency" of securing the negro vote was splendidly illustrated yesterday by polling for the Democracy the enormous sum of eighty-seven votes.

MARK HIM.—George Holloway, a white man, we believe, appointed as one of the Judges at the colored poll in the Eighth ward, yesterday perjured himself by neglecting his duties as an impartial judge, and forced voters to change their ticket—not allowing them to vote any but the Smith ticket. This scoundrel will be brought before the Grand Jury.

DISARMED.—Yesterday morning the captain of one of the county patrols came into the city and informed Col. Beaumont that about two hundred armed negroes were coming into the city. The Colonel immediately sent reinforcements to the patrol, and they succeeded in bagging the whole two hundred and taking away from them at least that number of guns and pistols. The negroes were regularly officered with captains, lieutenants and sub-officers, and were tremendously indignant at having their arms taken away from them. Most of them on being disarmed returned home, and but very few came into the city.

FAST HORSES.—At our wharf last night, we observed aboard the steamer Henry M. Shreve the three celebrated race horses Pat Malloy, Pintagenet and Sam Brown, all three of which are too well known to our Western turfmen—all of them not only proving winners in the finest style, but the largest amounts and the most important events of the turf in America this year. These horses are now making their way to the sunny South, there to contest the palm of superiority with the race horses that are to meet them there. They are still under the direction of their old and well tried trainer, John M. Davis, and all seem to enjoy good spirits and health.

FREE LUNCH at the Monroe saloon, No. 313 Second street, this morning, from 10½ to 12½ o'clock. Jos. Fransioli, proprietor, one of the old barkeepers in the Brilliant, presides behind the bar. Give him a call. 1w

JUST received, 50 dozen Alexander Kid Gloves, at $1 75 per pair, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

FRESH OYSTERS.—J. D. Edwards & Co., No. 278 Second street, are daily receiving fresh oysters from Norfolk. They will sell oysters in any quantity from a pint to a barrel. Their prices defy competition, because they are reduced to a legitimate living rate. Oysters now are as cheap for family use as any article of food purchased. Call on them and satisfy yourselves. no3 1w

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—The rates of freight from New York and Boston by all rail to Memphis from and after this date will be $2 15 per 100 pounds; Philadelphia $2 per 100 pounds.

ENOCH TAYLOR,
Agt. Great Western Dispatch.
JOS. NASH,
Agt. Merchants Dispatch.
ALF. G. TUTHER,
Asst. Agt. Star Union Line.

November 2, 1868. no3 2t

THE weather clerk, Uncle Billy Dardis, has removed from No. 2 Adams street to No. 63 Jefferson. no2 1w

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants in sums to suit tax payers, can be obtained at the lowest rates at the Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. tf

A LARGE lot of beautiful dress goods, bought since recent decline, just opened at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

GAGE & FISHER, 308 Front street. 1m

SCHOOL SCRIP! SCHOOL SCRIP!! wanted at Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. oct27 tf

TO GERMANS.—Notices or advertisement in the German language will be received and published in this paper. A careful and competent proof reader will see that they are printed correctly. tf

LARGE lot Miles Cloth Shoes at $3 25
oct7 tf RICE & ENGEL, 233 Main St.

THE Boulevard Skirt, in great variety can be found at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

A FINE lot of black and colored Alpacas just opened by Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

MINCE and Fruit Pies, also Cream Cakes, fresh every morning at Joseph Specht's, 37 Madison. oct28 1w

WM. SCHNEIDER, Gunsmith, 42 Washington. Good work; low prices. oc30tf

BOARD OF TRADE COLLEGE.—Mr. S. Ridgely, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, is authorized to register students for a class in actual business, to be organized on Monday, November 24.
oct8 tf U. GREGORY, President.

THE DESOTO BOARDING AND LIVERY STABLE.—Mr. Joe Seligman, the most enterprising livery stable keeper in the city of Memphis, and who turns out one of the very finest "rigs" to be seen on the streets, has just purchased the large and commodious DeSoto stable, No. 55 Union street, which he has fitted up in first-class style as a livery and boarding stable. It is thoroughly fireproof, and has all the latest improvements. The buggy-room is under a separate roof, and is also fire-proof, and the entire establishment is, without exception, the finest in the city, and Mr. Seligman is prepared to board horses better and cheaper than any other livery stable keeper in the city. The old establishment, No. 68 Union street, corner of Third, will be reserved as a sale stable and for the boarding transient stable. Call and see Joe's two fine establishments. 1m

THE ELECTION.

The Weather---The City---The People.

The White and Black Votes Polled in Every Precinct.

The Peace and Dignity of the Community Maintained.

Large Number of Deputy Sheriffs and Special Police Detailed.

Troops Occupy Court Square Until the Close of the Polls.

Full and to Accurate Returns up 2 O'Clock this Morning.

In the City---Leftwich 2516; Nunn 393; Smith 4503.

Seymour and Blair 2522; Grant and Colfax 4818.

The weather could not be more propitious than it was yesterday throughout the day. The sun shone with the strength of early summer, and attracted out of doors many who had resolved to take neither "act nor part" in the election. At the various precincts we found dozens of such who were surprised at the good order that prevailed, and the good humor that shone in every face, the harbinger of a continuance of what all good citizens had prayed for, and so many left their business and volunteered to maintain.

The wild rumors and threats which on Monday night found so free circulation, were not carried into effect and found no verification from the "facts and incidents" of the day. In one or two instances a disposition such as that suggested by the conduct of Barbour Lewis and W. J. Smith (who are really bad, vicious men, and ought to be drummed out of the community), cropped out, but the prompt interference of the "specials" of Commissioner Beaumont and Sheriff Curry quashed the incipient efforts and brought back the would-be rioters to a sense of their duty. In the Eighth ward, at the polls on Quimby avenue, there was a disposition of this sort manifested early in the morning, and white men who were there as challengers for the Democratic party were driven away *vis et armis*, and compelled to stay away until the arrival of policemen turned the tide, and the dupes of a contemptible white scoundrel, with a blacker heart than the skin of the darkest darkey, were compelled to leave and forced to refrain from any farther participation in the work of the day.

On Front street the stores were generally open, but there was a perceptible falling off in business, which was mainly confined to the cotton men. The merchants, generally, were engaged in their ordinary routine, but almost all found an hour or more to devote to the cause of Tennessee and of Constitutional liberty. Some accompanied their "darkies" to the polls and saw (as the APPEAL advised) that the votes polled by them were for the Democratic candidates, while others, and by far the largest number contented themselves with instructing their negroes, and serving injunctions, (*a la* Barbour Lewis,) upon them not to vote under any circumstances for the ruffians who have threatened the community with bloodshed.

On Main street, nearly all the stores were opened, but little business was done. The clerks had almost a holiday time of it, except in purely wholesale or mixed wholesale and retail stores, where they were kept busy filling the orders of the previous day. But few ladies were on our attractive and only promenade. The rumors of Monday were of so frightful a character as to deter others, too, than women from either visiting or shopping. Only those men whose business compelled were out, and only those whose sympathies or obligations to party carried them there, were to be seen in the vicinity of the polls. Yet the Main street merchants were up to the line of their duty. We heard of some who witnessed, for their own satisfaction, the deposit by their clerks of their votes for the Democratic candidates. On the lips of all there was but one sentiment, and that was that Leftwich must be sent to Congress; and we must show by our efforts our confidence in the selection, by our Democratic representative, of Seymour and Blair for President and Vice President.

A singular scene, and an unusual one in Memphis for the past three years, was the occupation by infantry soldiers, of Court Square. Sentries were stationed at all the entrances, and the arms of those not on duty were stacked in the walks, the men lolling about on the grass or occupying the seats, with that easy air of indifference that becomes neutrals in a great contest, but who were prepared to "buckle to" in case an emergency might arise for their services. Good humoredly, some of them chatted with citizens outside leaning against the railing. They commented upon the probable result, and a few expressed themselves, as most of their comrades felt, in favor of the Democratic nominees, but on the whole they were all like their officers, non-committal and reserved, but gentlemanly. They acted like men on special duty, and from Gen. Gordon Granger down to the drummer boy achieved the respect and confidence of the community.

On Second street we did not notice any change. The same number of business houses were open and the same number of loiterers were visible on Jefferson street corner. Only at the entrance to the Odman Hall where the polls were opened for the Fourth ward, was there any unusual number of persons gathered, or any stir that would betoken the business of the day. And thus all the other streets of the city might be described. At the polls there was of course crowds, varying in numbers according to the interest taken in the election or the number of votes being polled, but nowhere, and we traveled to every precinct, could we discover beyond this any unusual gatherings, nor did we witness any evidences of passion, any desire to infringe the peace, any desire to "tread on the tail of anybody's coat," and only one ebullition of taunt—and that from some negroes who paraded the streets in the belief that their candidate (SMITH) had been elected.

"Never," said an old citizen to us, in the evening, "Never, since Memphis was a town, did an election pass off so pleasantly, so tamely. Why," he continued, "they did not even treat us to a dog fight." And so it was. Whatever Barbour Lewis and W. J. Smith intended of murder and outrage, and we have the best reason in the world to believe they intended to realize both for our city, they were foiled by the admirable arrangements of Gen. Granger, of Commissioner Beaumont and Sheriff Curry. The volunteers and deputies of these latter gentlemen were everywhere visible, and by their general bearing and example did much to save us from the penalty of our toleration of Radicalism. They deserve, as does the Metropolitan police, Mr. Beaumont and Mr. Curry, the thanks of the community. Out of the ranks of the people, without regard to party, they selected men who by their good temper, watchfulness and discretion, and alertness, proved themselves men in the right place.

FIRST WARD.

White.—Seymour 457, Grant 21, Leftwich 453, Nunn 30, Smith 3; total white, 490.

Colored.—Seymour 0, Grant 354, Leftwich 0, Nunn 8, Smith 346; total colored 3054.

SECOND WARD.

White.—Seymour 208, Grant 27, Leftwich 205, Nunn 20, Smith 8; total white 235.

Colored.—Seymour 16, Grant 434, Leftwich 17, Nunn 3, Smith 430; total colored 450.

THIRD WARD.

White.—Seymour 449, Grant 61, Leftwich 448, Nunn 45, Smith 13; total white 512.

Colored.—Seymour 5, Grant 339, Leftwich 4, Nunn 2, Smith 338; total colored 344.

FOURTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 276, Grant 61, Leftwich 286, Nunn 36, Smith 17; total white 339.

Colored.—Seymour 7, Grant 552, Leftwich 8, Nunn 1, Smith 550; total colored 559.

FIFTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 366, Grant 59, Leftwich 367, Nunn 32, Smith 16; total white 418.

Colored.—Seymour 4, Grant 429, Leftwich 4, Nunn 15, Smith 414; total colored 433.

SIXTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 172, Grant 58, Leftwich 172, Nunn 42, Smith 12; total white 230.

Colored.—Seymour 2, Grant 443, Leftwich 2, Nunn 6, Smith 438; total colored 446.

SEVENTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 240, Grant 22, Leftwich 238, Nunn 7, Smith 14; total white 262.

Colored.—Seymour 38, Grant 373, Leftwich 36, Nunn 16, Smith 358; total colored 411.

EIGHTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 170, Grant 21, Leftwich 174, Nunn 11, Smith 8; total white 193.

Colored.—Seymour 0, Grant 290, Leftwich 0, Nunn 10, Smith 279; total colored 290.

NINTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 62, Grant 19, Leftwich 62, Nunn 9, Smith 10; total white 81.

Colored.—Seymour 11, Grant 319, Leftwich 11, Nunn 2, Smith 317; total colored 330.

TENTH WARD.

White.—Seymour 26, Grant 195, Leftwich 26, Nunn 0, Smith 190; total white 221.

Colored.—Seymour 3, Grant 750, Leftwich 3, Nunn 8, Smith 742; total colored 753.

SUMMARY.

For President.	Votes.	Total.
Grant—white	535	
Grant—colored	4,283	4,818
Seymour—white	2,438	
Seymour—colored	86	2,522
Majority for Grant		2,296

For Congress.	Votes.	Total.
Smith—white	291	
Smith—colored	4,212	4,503
Leftwich—white	2,481	
Leftwich—colored	55	2,516
Nunn—white	231	
Nunn—colored	71	303
Majority for Smith over Leftwich		1,987
Nunn		4,200
Leftwich and Nunn		1 684
Total white vote		2,971
" colored vote		4,309
" vote		7,340

According to the statement of the Registrar, there were 11,262 voters registered this election—some 2500 more than at the last. The voting, however, runs at least 600 less this time than at the last election.

COUNTY RETURNS.

Eleventh District, (polls at Germantown),—Seymour 52, Grant 3, Leftwich 53, Nunn 1, Smith 2; total vote 56.

Thirteenth District—Seymour 28, Grant 2, Leftwich 28, Nunn 1, Smith 1; total vote 30.

Fifteenth District.—Voted in the Ninth Ward.

Sixteenth District.—Seymour 71, Grant 7, Leftwich 71, Nunn 0, Smith 7; total vote 78.

THE COUNTRY.

What Was Done at White's Station.

At this station there was a total of seventy-eight votes polled—seventy-one of them for Seymour and Blair and Leftwich, and only seven for Grant and Colfax and Smith—none for David A. Nunn. The peace was well preserved, by the utmost vigilance of the people, who had determined it should not be broken if in their power to prevent it. Squire Brooks, from whom we got this information, also gave us the following names of colored men who voted the Democratic ticket: Ben Garrett, Alvin Henderson, Aaron Brown, A Rice, John Brady, Jarrett Albright, Henry Gordon and Felix Winston. These should be remembered by every White man in the district. They were true, where so many played false. They remembered their obligations to the people among whom they have lived from childhood, and who have always been true to them.

Bell's Station.

So far as heard from the peace was well preserved. The vote cast was not so large as expected. Leftwich received 80 votes, Nunn 57, Smith nix.

Bolivar and Hardeman County.

Bolivar gives the ticket 70 majority, and the county of Hardeman will carry the banner by a majority of 600 to 700 for Leftwich, Seymour and Blair. Three cheers for Hardeman.

What was Done at Grand Junction.

At an early hour in the morning a telegram was received from Grand Junction to the effect that about 500 armed negroes had marched to the polls and taken possession, swearing they would not permit a white man or a Democrat to vote there. Gen. Granger having been notified, at once (about 10 o'clock) sent forward a detachment of the 25th infantry, who arrived on the scene about twelve o'clock, half an hour after the departure of the band, who, in some way, were advised that the soldiers were *en route*, and decamped, not caring to come in contact with Uncle Sam's men. Up to 11 o'clock the Radicals, through this force, had everything pretty much their own way, but after that time, and until the close of the polls at four o'clock, votes were uninterruptedly polled. The vote polled was, in the total—Seymour and Blair and Leftwich —, and Grant and Colfax —, Nunn — and Smith —.

Mason's Depot.

Here, as at all other of the precincts in the District heard from, perfect quiet reigned all day. The vote polled was heavy, and it was expected that Smith would have taken a majority over both his opponents, but the returns give Nunn 712, Leftwich 203 and Smith only 100 votes.

Moscow.

The news from Moscow is good—76 majority for our ticket.

Brownsville.

The news from Brownsville is not so encouraging. Here Nunn's friends turned out in force, and polled for him 633 votes; Leftwich receiving 298, and Smith only 4.

Stanton's.

At Stanton's Nunn lead again, polling 84 votes; Leftwich 29, and Smith 79.

Germantown.

Here the peace was preserved by the preparations of the people. The vote polled was as follows: Leftwich 53, Nunn 1 and Smith 2.

Thirteenth District.

There was no disturbance here. Leftwich received 28 votes, Nunn 1 and Smith 1.

PROGRESS.—Columbus sailed for the American coast in a four hundred ton ship, and first landed upon the island of St. Domingo. Last week a vessel from St. Domingo unloaded in New York over four hundred [illegible] of St. Croix Rum for P. H. Drake & Co., of that city. This is but a few weeks' supply of this article, which these gentlemen use in the manufacture of the celebrated Plantation Bitters. We are informed by an exchange that Messrs. Drake & Co. have not advertised a dollar for a year, but that the sales of this article continue at the former enormous figure. In 1864, the receipts of the Plantation Bitters were equal to those of the New York and New Haven Railroad.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3td&w

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty-five cents.*

A FATAL AFFRAY.

A Deputy Sheriff Killed--Whisky and its Results.

The quiet which prevailed during election day, and which was rejoiced in from the bottom of their hearts by our citizens, was destined to be broken by one of those fearful tragedies which have become very common in our community, but are nevertheless subjects of horror to all law-abiding people. We had hoped that the day would pass away without imposing upon us the unpleasant duty of recording bloodshed of any kind, but the "demon of the still" stalked forth, and by his evil counsel caused the shedding of the life blood of a peaceful and law-abiding citizen. The parties to the tragic affair were both well known in this city, and the murdered man had, we learn, been deputised by the Sheriff to assist in preserving the peace during the day. By conversing with those who witnessed the affair, we glean the following: About 5½ p.m. last evening Mr. Geo. Reutelhuber and Dan'l Earle were seen conversing nearly in front of Linde's gun store, on Main, between Washington and Poplar streets. Earle was under the influence of liquor, and was very abusive in his language, claiming that he could whip Reutelhuber, which the latter laughed at; but finally he was called a liar by Earle, when he called the latter an epithet and smacked him in the face with the back of his hand. Earl, under the influence of the liquor and the slap combined, fell to the pavement, but immediately arose and drew his pistol. At this juncture Mr. Essig, who was looking on, rushed in and caught Earle, and begged him not to shoot, but Earle threw him off, and presenting his pistol at Reutelhuber, who was standing some eight or ten feet from him on the sidewalk, fired. The first shot evidently took effect, as R. staggered towards the street. Earle fired two more shots, when the wounded man walked into the shoe store of Mr. Shifley and laid down upon the floor. He was shot once in the right side, the ball passing through his liver and causing a mortal wound. Another shot took effect in his arm. He was attended by Drs. Lynch, Grant and Syrenl, all of whom pronounced the wounds fatal. After lying upon the floor sometime, he was conveyed to the residence of Mr. Appel, on Center alley, between Poplar and Washington streets. The wounded man was formerly employed upon the bathing boat at the foot of Washington street. Earle was arrested and taken to the Adams street stationhouse.

WATER VALLEY, MISSISSIPPI.

Second Annual Fair of the Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

WATER VALLEY, MISS., October 31, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

The second annual Fair of the Water Valley Agricultural and Mechanical Association commenced on Thursday last (the 29th.) A brighter or more beautiful day could not have been wished for by the friends of the Association.

At the appointed hour, (9 a.m.) Capt. H. S. Duncan, the chief Marshal, mounted on a fine charger, assembled the cavalcade opposite the Collins House, and, preceded by the Water Valley Brass Band, marched to the Fair grounds in the northern portion of our embryo city. On arriving at the same we found assembled quite a goodly array of the beauty of the land. From some misunderstanding but few entries had been made previous to the opening day, and, as a consequence, quite a rush was made on the Secretary by those eager for a premium. This, of course, created confusion "worse confounded," and but little was done on the first day. The oration of Col. L. Q. C. Lamar (Mississippi's favorite son) was to have been delivered at 11 o'clock, but was postponed until the next day, on account of the smallness of the crowd (about 250) and other causes "too numerous to mention." With this announcement the exercises of the first day closed, with a "sack race," a new thing with us, introduced by Mr. Bergiund, a native of Sweden, but for the last fifteen years a resident of Water Valley. The race was quite exciting and created much amusement. But little stock (or horse rather) was introduced into the ring the first day. All retired that night with pleasing anticipations of the next day's performances, only to have the same dashed to the ground by one of the gloomiest, rainiest days that it has ever been our misfortune to endure for a long time, but such was the fact, and snugly ensconced in our room, we sadly viewed the Fair grounds from our residence just opposite; a picture of sad desolation, as the pelting rain descended on the empty seats, that the day before contained the best and fairest of our land. "Man proposes, but God disposes," and such was our condition on Friday. Speculations were rife, and bets freely offered by the *sporting fraternity*, of course, that the Water Valley Fair was a failure, and that the originators had better "shut up shop" and never speak "Fair talk" again. But after consulting with the "weather clerk," who knows, the Board of Directors issued a programme for Saturday's entertainment, and all went to bed that night feeling satisfied that the same would be carried, and Col. Sam Tate, the President of the Southern Railroad Association, issued orders for the various shops to be closed at ten o'clock Saturday morning, to give the employees an opportunity of listening to the great speech of Col. Lamar, which was announced to take place at 11 o'clock.

Well, Saturday morning arrived, and a fairer day could not have been desired by the most sanguine. If the previous day had been "frightfully unfair" for the Fair, this was all that could be expected. At an early hour the streets were filled to overflowing, and at 9 a.m., when Capt. Duncan had assembled his *squad*, there were no less than three thousand people on the move to the Fair grounds. The previous day, if taken as an indication of the fact, from our stand point, would have shown that there existed no one else on this mundane sphere but our own conceited self. How sadly mistaken we would have been on Saturday morning, in considering ourselves as merely a unit in this vast universe, when the busy hive, of both men and women, lined the streets in the directions of the Fair grounds. In fact, when we arrived, the vast amphitheater was filled to overflowing, no less than 3000 people being on the ground. At eleven a.m., Col. M. D. L. Stephens, the Vice President of the Association, in the absence of A. G. Buford, the President, introduced the orator of the day, Col. Lamar, who, in an address of two hours, delivered one of the most chaste practical speeches to the agricultural, mechanical and business classes generally, that has ever been the good fortune of your reporter to listen to. Unfortunately, Col. Lamar delivered this speech with no idea of having the same published. But as there were several reporters present, taking notes, we hope, with the assistance of the Colonel, to give to the people of the South a paper to think and study on. Coming from one of *the* men of the South—a statesman and scholar—his words will have no little weight. His advice is given to all classes alike, and should not be idly passed by. I regret that space forbids me from giving you a synopsis; but, as I before remarked, a report will be furnished the press.

After the conclusion of the address, dinner was announced, and to those fortunate enough to have provided themselves with provision baskets fared sumptuously, but the general arrangements for eating were bad, and a good many enjoyed the afternoon's performances on empty stomachs.

The ladies have made a fine display, and Floral Hall is fairly overstocked with their handiwork. Paintings, etc., adorn the walls of the building, in profusion. A fine display is made in needle work, such as quilts, coverlets, clothing of every description, and if we were on the awarding committees, it would be a hard task to select any single article for the best. The awards have not all been made yet. The arrangement has been bad for furnishing the press with reports, and I am unable to give you any list so far, but hope to get at the Secretary in time to give you a synopsis after the close of the Fair.

The exhibition in stock is very poor indeed. The horses are pretty much all *scrub*. An exciting trotting match took place in the evening, between Mr. J. J. Robinson's sorrel mare and Mr. John Addington's strawberry roan mare, in which the latter was victorious, although on Thursday, in a trial for no premium, Mr. Robinson's mare was successful. A pacing match came off in which Mr. C. B. Lowe took the premium. In double harness, Mr. Joe Taylor, driving a beautiful pair of mustang ponies, carried off the prize. Mr. Taylor has but one arm, and managed his team admirably. Captain J. D. McKee, for the best saddle horse, carried off the *blue*. For the best brood mare, Major Winters, of Coffeeville, carried off the premium Major Winters also secured the premium with this mare as the best buggy horse. In the way of the exhibit of hogs and cattle a poor show is made, although our townsman, Mr. F. H. Green, has on hand several native Berkshire and Woburn. There are one or two others on exhibition, which comprises the list. Dr. De Hart has some fine fowls and sheep, which are beauties.

Capt. G. D. Bustamente, of Goodman, Miss., the great Mississippi machinery agency man, is on hand, and has some thirty-three different articles of mechanical apparatuses on exhibition.

The Fair was to have closed on Saturday evening, but as it was impossible to get through, was continued until Monday, at which time the awards will be announced, and I will then be enabled to furnish you a list.

Much competition was manifested by our planters to secure the large premium for the best bale of cotton ($100) offered by our merchants. The award was finally made, as follows:

Lafayette Moore, 1st premium.

Philip (a freedman), 2d premium.

Capt. Woods, of the firm of Wilson, Woods & Leach, offered thirty cents for the premium bale. It will be sold, however, on Monday, to the highest bidder. More anon. ED. A. G.

THEATRICAL.

Benefit Tendered Mrs. Thompson by Leading Citizens.

MEMPHIS, November 3, 1868.

Mrs. W. C. Thompson, New Memphis Theater:

Madam: The undersigned, remembering the efforts that were made by the late W. C. Thompson to revive the legitimate drama in our city, and the unwearied devotion that he exhibited in ministering to the intellectual enjoyment of this community, are gratified that you have undertaken to supply the great loss the public sustained when he was taken from our midst. Therefore, Madam, as a token of our appreciation for the zeal you are exhibiting, as well as our admiration for your high moral worth, and in memory of him who has passed away from the stage of life, we beg to tender you a complimentary Benefit, on Friday, the 6th of November.

Hoping that you will accept this offer, in the same spirit that it is made, we are, Madam,

Very respectfully,

John Overton, Jr., P. C. Bethel, Ed. A. Beecher, R. Hough, T. S. Ayres, O. Yerger, G. W. Lincoln, S. L. Belcher, J. S. Wolfe, M. D., Geo. Gilbanks, J. C. Ward, H. Loewensen, Walker Bros. & Co., J. A. Morley, S. F. Walker, Geo. E. Stahl, A. P. Burdit, W. H. Passmore, N. Menken, W. T. Irwin, M. D., Jos E. Lynch, M. D., John C. Farner, Geo. H. Monarrat, J. H. Cullen, A. N. Mytor, M. D., John A. Denie, A. D. Gibson, Marland L. Perkins, J. H. Loewensine & Bro., N. A. Hamilton, W. W. Deaderick, John W. Dawson, Chas. A. Choate, And many others.

MEMPHIS, November 3, 1868.

Messrs. T. S. Ayres, John Overton, Jr., John B. Parker and others:

Gentlemen: Your very kind and consoling letter, with regard to my late husband's demise, and appreciation of my humble endeavors to hold up his standard of theatrical management, I have just received, and, believe me, I am indeed more than thankful for this kind demonstration of your good will, and would respectfully reply that I accept the compliment, and will, on next Friday night, November 6th, produce the sterling comedy of *London Assurance* and the exquisite burletta of *Jenny Lind*. Hoping this will meet your approbation, believe me, yours most respectfully,

MRS. W. C. THOMPSON.

THE SOUTHERN FARMER for November is at hand, and is as ever a welcome guest. It is "chock full" of items and articles of interest to farmers and planters and the housekeeper's department is useful to every woman who makes *herself useful*. The typography and paper of the present number seem to be a great improvement on the former numbers—or is it only a fancy of ours? The *Southern Farmer* is for sale at all the news-stands, and at the publication office.

NEW PAPERS.—We have received and welcome to our table and exchange list, the *Journal of Education*, publisher at St. Louis, Mo., and the *Western Manufacturers' Review and Railroad Journal*, published simultaneously at Indianapolis and St. Louis. The *Journal of Education* is a new enterprise, and the number before us is the second of the first volume. It is a small octavo sheet, well printed on clean white paper, and makes a handsome typographical appearance. It is devoted to educational interests all over the country, but more especially in Missouri. The character of the articles is altogether didactic, and the *Journal*, we predict, is destined not only to be a great favorite with but a great aid to teachers and others engaged in the noble work of education. *The Western Manufacturers' Review and Railroad Journal*, with the number before us, commences its second volume. It is devoted to the interests of Western manufacturers, the advancement of the railroad interest, and is a faithful advocate of the laboring classes. It is a small folio, printed semimonthly at the very low rate of one dollar a year.

D. ASTE & Co. are in daily receipt of the finest and most delicious Norfolk, Saddle Rock and Cherry Stone *Oysters, in shell and cans.* Southwest corner Main and Union streets. oc31eodtf

BALTIMORE OYSTERS just received per express, at Memphis Oyster Depot, No. 36 Jefferson street. Seventy-five cents per can. oc28 6t

NORFOLK, VA.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL,
NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICTly first-class house. sep18 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
25 and 27 Commerce Street.
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses. sep18 6m

OWNERS WANTED.

FOR one Sorrel Stallion, consigned to "Wm. Plummer for Dr. Caldwell," received per steamer Argonaut, No. 2, October 8, 1868; also, for one box merchandise, marked J, Memphis, received per steamer Darling, October 15, 1868; also, For two boxes Canned Fruit, marked J. P., consigned to James Powers, Memphis, received per steamer Silver Moon, October 21, 1868; also, for six dozen split-bottom Chairs, marked H. Phillips, Memphis, received per steamer Julia, April 8, 1868. If not called for within ten days will be sold to pay charges.

LARRY BARMSTAD, Agent,
oct27 7½ Madison Street.

DAILY APPEAL
YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION
$10 00,
A REDUCTION OF
$2 00 PER YEAR.
☞ Send in your Orders.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Wednesday Evening, November 4.—Will be produced LADY OF THE LAKE. To conclude with A GHOST IN SPITE OF HIMSELF. Saturday, Grand Matinee, to consist of feats of Ledgermain by Prof. Hasselmayer, at 2 o'clock p.m. Admission to all parts of the house, 50 cents.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at quarter to 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

FALL MEETING, 1868,
—OF THE—
MEMPHIS ASSOCIATION.
Nov. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14.

First Day.

FIRST RACE.—Hopeful Stake, for two year olds; dash of a mile; subscription $20, play or pay, Association adds $ 50; three or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Bluff City Stake, for three year olds; mile heats; subscription $30, play or pay, Association adds $300; three or more to fill.

THIRD RACE.—Overton Hotel Purse, $250; dash of one and a quarter miles; free for all ages.

Second Day.

FIRST RACE.—Saloon Purse, $300; mile heats; free for all.

SECOND RACE.—Railroad Purse, $500; two mile heats; free for all.

Third Day.

FIRST RACE.—Association Purse, $400; mile heats, three in five.

SECOND RACE.—Brinkley House Purse, $300; dash of two miles.

Fourth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Sweepstakes; subscription of $30 each, play or pay; for three year olds; two mile heats; Association adds $500; five or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Bankers' Purse, $300; mile and repeat; free for all.

Fifth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Post Stake; three mile heats; free for all; entrance $40, play or pay, Association to add $ 600; entrance money to go to second horse; five or more to fill.

SECOND RACE.—Livery and Stable Keepers' Purse, $250; mile heats; free for all ages.

Sixth Day.

FIRST RACE.—Merchants' Purse, $400; mile heats, three in five.

SECOND RACE.—Consolation Purse, $250, for horses that have not won during the meeting; to be handicapped the day preceding the race; $40 to go to the second horse.

Stakes to name and close on the first day of October, 1868. Half the money offered in purses will be given for a walk over. Entrance to purses, five per cent. Entries must be made twenty minutes after the last race, each day, at the Judges' stand for the purse of the succeeding day.

☞ The races will commence at 2 o'clock precisely each day.

Members can procure their badges of David M. Philip, Secretary, at the office of the Memphis Association Course, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, over Royster, Treavant & Co.'s auction store.

Tickets and badges will be for sale at the Overton, Worsham and Commercial Hotels.

Tickets will be sold at the Overton Hotel, every night, from 7 to 10 o'clock, p.m., and every morning during the races from 10 to 12 o'clock a.m. S. K. Raymond, Esq., Pool Seller.

The street cars will run every ten minutes to the race course, commencing at 12 o'clock each day.

Tree Bar and Refreshment Saloon will be under the management of Mr. J. H. Cameron.

A fine band of music will be in attendance each day at the course. Ample arrangements have been made to observe the strictest order and decorum.

COMMITTEE ON LADIES' STAND.—Messrs. H. Kessel, Jr., Geo. S. Robbins, R. M. Drake, Maj. W. Scruggs, and Maj. Val Taylor.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.
DAVID M. PHILP, Secretary. no1-td

Dancing Academy.

PROF. MOOK has commenced his session of Dancing Lessons at his old Hall, 231 Second street, Jefferson Block. For Ladies and Children, Wednesday and Saturday evenings; Gents, Tuesday and Thursday nights. Practicing parties every two weeks. oct22 1m

VARIETIES THEATER,
Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE POPULAR PLACE OF AMUSEment is

OPEN EVERY EVENING,

With a variety of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, Negro Acts, etc.

Admission, 50c. Private boxes, $5. oct3 1m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.
R. FRANK HARBERT, Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,
—WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 11 Union Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sept 3m

WM. MCGEE, Memphis, Tenn.
R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.
McGEE & HERRON,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
254 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates sep20 dawdm

GROVER & BAKER'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.

Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.

Using both threads directly from the spools.

No fastening of seams by hand, and no waste of thread.

Wide range of application without change of adjustment.

The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.

Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and Ornamental Work.

☞ The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris; 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

Send for Circular.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO,
nov1 1m 325 Main Street.

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,
237 Main Street,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. aul6 daw tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS!

MENKEN BROTHERS
No. 263

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, November 3, 1868.

FINANCE.

The election to-day was felt in our money market only to a limited extent as cotton bills poured in without limit and were taken so far as the stringency of currency would permit. Rates have changed since yesterday. Our banks have been compelled to advance their rates in consequence of the closeness of the money market not only here but at all points of note both North and East. Our latest advices report a very serious tightness in New York, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, with no falling off in the demands. None of our banks are willing to make advances on cotton bills while the present state of affairs exist. All Eastern and Northern exchange is taken at ¼ discount, while New Orleans sight remain steady at ¼ discount. Selling on all points at par with occasional sales in large amounts at ¼ to ¼ discount.

The stock market is quiet, but the feeling generally, in all Southern securities, is stronger. We have no sales to report. City bonds are still firm and in demand, with very light offerings. A few small amounts might be picked up at 52½@53c, but no order could be filled at less than 54c, while large holders decline to sell at all.

City Scrip is firm. Buying at 81@82c, selling at 83@85c.

County Warrants are steady, but the demand is not so active. Buying at 62@ 63c, selling at 65@67c.

We have no change to report in Police or School scrips.

Gold has declined during the week, opening to-day in New York at 133¾, and closing 133½. We have light transactions to report in this market with the demand exceeding the supply. Brokers buy at New York rates and sell at an advance of 1@2c.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market for the week opened active, with Uplands 11d. There was no change in that market until Saturday, when Uplands were quoted at 11@11¼d, but the outside figure was not fully established until Monday. To-day that market opened firm and closed the same. Uplands 11¼d; Orleans 11¾d.

The New York market opened with an active demand. Uplands 25½c, but immediately advanced to 25¾. On the following day it went back again ⅛c. There was no change until Saturday, when the ⅛c lost was regained, but was again lost on Monday. To-day that market opened with a moderate demand, and at the close was less active, but prices were maintained; Low Middlings 25c, Uplands 25½c, Orleans 26¼c, Good Middlings 26¾c.

In this market during the week prices have not been satisfactory, although sales have been large. At the opening of the week Middlings were quiet at 22½c. On the following day prices were a fraction better, but on Thursday 22½c was the ruling figure. On Friday prices were irregular, ranging from 22@22½c. On Friday 22¾@22½c were our quotations. On Saturday the feeling was better, but prices were unchanged. Monday did not develop any change to note except increased firmness on the part of holders. To-day being election day there was less sold than usual, but several large lots changed hands upon a basis of 22¾@22½c for Middlings. We quote as follows:

Ordinary	21—c
Good Ordinary	23½ @ 23¾
Low Middling	25—@25½
Middling	22¾@23¼
Strict Middling	24—@24½
Good Middling	24—@25—

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, November 3, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,626	
Received previously	49,046	50 672
		50,719
Exported to-day	2 757	
Exported previously	37,886	40 693
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		10,026

TRADE.

There was not much doing to-day in our general markets; the election absorbing every other interest. It will be seen that very few changes have occurred in prices since yesterday.

The commissioners appointed by the several States, to consider the history, nature and character of the disease among cattle, known as the Texas fever, and to collect and publish to the country all the information possible bearing upon the subject; to prepare a draft of a law which shall be uniform in all the States interested in the raising, sale or purchase of cattle, and which will regulate the trade upon a safe and equal basis, and secure the most perfect protection to all parties, have agreed to hold a convention in the city of Springfield, Ill., on Tuesday, December 1, 1868, to accomplish these desirable ends.

The Treasury Department has issued a circular, dated October 29, directing that a duty of $2 50 per pound and 25 per cent. advalorem, be assessed on all cigars, cigarettes and cheroots, under the 82d and 87th sections of the Internal Revenue act, approved July 20, 1868.

The Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue informs a Chicago firm that smoking and fine-cut chewing tobacco and snuff sold, or offered for sale after January 1, 1869, and all other manufactured tobacco of every description sold or offered for sale after July 1, 1869 must be in stamped packages; and tobacco on hand at the respective dates named, not in such packages, must be repacked to comply with the law by the owners thereof.

The law makes no provision for a re-inspection of tobacco, nor for furnishing stamps for *tax-paid tobacco* on hand at those dates free of cost to the holders of such tobacco, but all expenses of repacking and stamping such tobacco as on those dates is neither packed nor stamped according to law, or for stamping such as may be packed according to law but not stamped, must be borne by the owners.

The merchants of New Orleans have driven a large amount of cotton away from that port by not "toting fair" with the shipper. A couple of years ago boats bound to that port would hardly touch a bale of cotton, no matter how well it was put up, without taking all exceptions which covered weight, condition, sample holes, etc. It was claimed by steamboatmen that New Orleans cotton men would cover all their freight bills by even a sample hole in a bale. The planters are now grumbling loudly about impositions in one way or another. One of them, in a letter to the *Picayune*, says, among other things:

We send to our merchants for a correct pair of balances; they are sent. We look in the commercial circulars and we find we are charged in the invoice something above the published retail prices.

We take time and are careful to weigh it as correctly as if the salvation of our soul depended upon it. We send it immediately off, and find, perhaps, the next day our bale has lost ten, fifteen, and I have known instances of thirty pounds on a bale. We write to them of the difference. The only answer is, "Our scales are inspected by the officer, and must be correct." The inspector would do the planter an exceeding kind favor, if he could so manage, to inspect all scales sold and sent to the country. I am sure it would do much towards dissipating the misunderstanding and occasionally hard feelings which evidently exist between them.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—The stock is improving and prices remain firm. Choice eating $2 @$2 50; inferior $1 @$1 50; Navy are dull at $2 @$2 50 per barrel.

BRAN—Additional receipts have unsettled prices. We quote $2 @$2 10 in lots of 1 to 5 tons; $2 @$2 05 in lots of 5 tons and upwards.

BAGGING—Moderate demand and prices steady. Eagle 1¾; Kentucky 15@15½c; heavy 20@ 22½; 1¼ 23@27c

BACON—Market firm. Bright, large clear sides are held at 15½@15¾c; light sides 15c; clear 15 @17c; shoulders 14@ 14½.

BUTTER—Large stock and prices weak. Choice Western 40@43c; good 35@38c; inferior not in demand.

CHEESE—Fair to good demand. Factory 17½@18c; E. D. 17½@18c; W. R. 16½@17½.

CORN—None in market. White, the demand active; a few sacks of car in store held at 80@85c.

CORNMEAL—Dull at $1 65 delivered. Selling in a small way at $1 75@1 80 from store.

CHICKEN—Good demand at $3@4 50.

EGGS—Light receipts. Held at 30c in boxes.

CATTLE—The market is well supplied with fine cattle for dressing, at 6@7c; 1 fat ox 6c.

FRUIT—Rather dull. Apples 6@7c; peaches 9@11c.

FLOUR—The market is dull and prices unsettled and irregular. Superfine to choice, $5 50@6. Stock large.

HAY—Fair stock in store, but none on levee selling at $25 in lots, and $1 50 per 100 at retail.

HAMS—Fair demand. S. C. canvassed 19@20c Country 17@18c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; BOGS—Few choice hogs in market; second quality sold at 9 @10c; fair butcher's demand. Dressed hogs were offered on Front street 13@14c.

LARD—Kegs 20½@21c; tierces 19¼@20c.

LIME—Fair stock and in demand. Cape and Alabama $1 75@2; Estes's $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—Only light receipts and prices low. Selling at $31@32 50.

MOLASSES—Stock light with very fair demand. We quote New Orleans reboiled, in barrels, 65@70c. New Orleans syrups 80@85c; Eastern syrups 55@65c; half-barrels 5c higher.

MACKEREL—New kits No 1, $2 75@3 00; No. 2, $1 65@2 70; No. 3, $2 30@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates, $5 50@5 40.

OATS—Prices are lower. Sacks oats were reported at 58@58½ on levee; held at 63@65c

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Stock light. Choice are held at $1 75@2 per bushel; inferior $1 40@1 50.

POTATOES—Northern, in sacks, per bushel $1 30@1 40; Minnesota per barrel $5 50. Sweet Potatoes 60@75c per bushel.

ROPE—Very little selling. Held at 9½@10c.

SUGAR—A lot of new crop has arrived from below and is held at 16½c; Porto Rico 14@16c; coffee sugars 15@17c.

SALT—Prices steady. Held at $3 10@3 25 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $1 60@1 75; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3@3 25.

SHEEP—Very few in market. Tennessee held at $3@6 per head as to quality.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@5 50.

TURKEYS—Only a few in market. Held at $15 a18.

TOBACCO—The market is moderately active for all kinds of manufactured tobacco and prices are steady.

WHISKY—Fair demand for common at $1 65 @1 25. Highwines $1 15@1 20 with light stock; limitation Bourbon $1 35@1 75; Bourbon $2 25@4.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet
W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Haines, Master
This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on
THURSDAY, 5th inst, at 5 p.m.
F. A. KENDIG, Agent.
nov3 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Devall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.
JOHN B. DAVIS,
Sup't M. and W. R. Pckt. Co.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents.
No. 220 Front Row.

Card Rates Memphis and White River Packet Company.

FROM MEMPHIS —TO—	Per 100 pounds	Dry Barrels	Salt	Pork	Whisky	Molasses	Corn, Oats and Bran
D'Arc*	35	50	10	75	1 00	1 25	35
Augusta, Searcy,*	40	60	10	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	35
Grand Glaize, Jacksonport,*	50	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	1 75	40
Powhatan, Pocahontas*	75	1 25	1 25	1 50	2 00	2 75	75

*And all Way Landings.
JOHN B. DAVIS Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents.
oct9 tf No. 220 Front Row.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. N. MAHAN
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies.
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.
☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sept No. 226 Front street.

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn. R. E. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.
DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. aug8 3m

VIRGIL V. MOORE, EDWIN WHITFIELD
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,
Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sept13m

F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. ROOTES.
WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the Sale of Guano,
No. 294 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.
☞ Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sept dawsm

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.
SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,
(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
And Forwarding Merchants,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
LIBERAL advances on Consignments to Eagle, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 47 Vine street, Cincinna i, Ohio. sept 3m

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GEAVES
NORMENT & GRAVES,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 Howard's Row.
UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. sept8-3m

S. M. ANDERSON. M. HAWKS. F. H. DAVIS.
S. M. ANDERSON & CO.,
COTTON BUYERS,
304 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.
Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to GEO. BLACKBURN & CO., Boston, Mass., or A. C. SCHAEFER & CO., New York. oct11-1m

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, November 4.—Weather clear and pleasant. The river is on a stand with seven feet on the bar, near President's Island, and six feet hence to Cairo. The Arkansas is in first rate order with plenty of water to Fort Smith. White river is falling. By a private dispatch, received yesterday, we learn that there is eight feet at Pittsburg and rising. This will be good news to Ohio river shippers.

Arrivals.

Steamer Legal Tender, Louisville.
" H. M. Shreve, St. Louis.
" Luminary, Vicksburg.

Departures.

Steamer Legal Tender, New Orleans.
" H. M Shreve, Vicksburg.
" Luminary, St. Louis.
" M Forsyth, "
" Des Arc, White River.
" Liberty, " "
" Natoma, Friar's Point.

In Port.

Steamers Mississippi, Clifton, Agnes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was some activity on the landing yesterday, but the election seemed to engross the attention of the roustabouts, and many of our packets were in consequence short-handed.

The Liberty, Des Arc and Natoma all had fair trips.

The Mary Forsyth was the St. Louis packet yesterday in place of the City of Cairo.

The Legal Tender passed down yesterday. She has been a long time out from Louisville.

Mike Pyne & Co. received a lot of splendid beef cattle yesterday.

The United States mail packet W. A. Caldwell leaves on Thursday for Pine Bluff and way points on the Arkansas river, connecting with steamers for Little Rock and Fort Smith.

J. V. Guthrie, Esq., Inspector for this district, was in the city yesterday, and left for White and the Arkansas river.

The elegant passenger steamer Mississippi, of which our fellow-citizen, Nat Green, is master, will back out to-day for Vicksburg and New Orleans. She has no superior in point of speed, safety and comfort, and is one of the best carriers on the river. We hope to see her go out with a splendid trip of cotton, as we know she will get all the people. Cook Creighton and John Langlois, two popular and competent clerks, are associated in the office, and Henry Hellery, who is known to every person on either bank from here to New Orleans, will be found in the consoling department.

The Clifton did not get away yesterday. Cause—niggers couldn't work and vote. Capt. Stein will back her out to-day for Cincinnati, at 5 p.m.

The elegant Marble City leaves to-morrow for Cairo and St. Louis.

The Thompson Dean will pass down at 10 a.m. to-day for New Orleans. Jas. H. Pepper is master.

The Linton, Capt. Ware, will leave for Louisville to-morrow evening. She wants cotton.

The Louisa, Capt. Ballus, backs out to-morrow at 5 p.m for Cincinnati. She also will take a few hundred bales.

Coffin Bros. yesterday received the following dispatch:

MADISON, ARK., November 2—4 p.m.

Coffin Bros.:

Leave for Memphis at once. Tell river editor of APPEAL.

J. P. COFFIN,
Clerk Steamer Argos.

The Argos will therefore be here to-day, and leave again this evening for all points on the St. Francis. Capt. Sebree commands, and our popular young townsman, J. P. Coffin, is clerk.

The Will S. Hays is loading at St. Louis for the Arkansas.

At St. Louis the number of steamboats inspected during the month of October was seventeen. Twenty-two bills of sale were filed and recorded. The number of steamboats enrolled and licensed was seventeen, representing a tonnage of 7802 tons. Eight barges were enrolled and licensed with a tonnage of 3200 tons.

Capt. Holcroft and C. G. Schultz brought into the Virginia, one-eighth each, at the rate of $48,000 for the whole boat.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: Pilots to Memphis for some time past have been receiving a salary of $75 per trip, but they are refusing to work for anything less than $100 per trip to Memphis. New Orleans pilots have raised their wages to $200 each per month, or the round trip.

The St. Louis *Times* says: The case of the owners of the steamer Gov. Sharkey against the Peoria Insurance Company for $5000 was decided by Judge S. Treat in the United States District court, this morning, in favor of the insurance company. The evidence on the part of the defendant, which was conducted by Col. James O Broadhead, went to prove that the boat was overloaded.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
CLIFTON.....Stein master
This elegant and fast passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
nov4 It No. 12 Jefferson street.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
CLIFTON.....Stein master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov4 It No. 742 Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet,
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
LOUISA.....Thos. Ballus master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
nov4 2t 254 Front street.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet—For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.
LINTON.....Le Ware master
This new and magnificent low-pressure steamer will leave
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE,
nov4 2t 254 Front street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

For St. Francis River.
ARGOS.....S. Brewster master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board.
nov4 It

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.
MARBLE CITY.....Conway master
This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 5th inst., at 5 p.m.
nov4 2t ELEM. CALVERT, supt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular New Orleans Packet.
THOMPSON DEAN.....Pepper master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 4th inst., at 10 a.m.
R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
nov4 It 301 Front street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet.
MISSISSIPPI.....N. S. Green, Master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
WEDNESDAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
nov4 It No. 220 Front Row.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet.
MISSISSIPPI.....Street, Master
The steamboat freight steamer will leave as above on
WEDNESDAY, 4th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight only apply to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov4 It 742 Main street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet
MISSISSIPPI.....Green master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
WEDNESDAY, November 4th, at 5 p.m.
MART WALT & CO.,
oct8 5t Agents, 274 Front street.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packet.
THE ELEGANT STEAMER
COMMERCIAL
CAPTAIN JOHN EDSON.
WILL leave Memphis on SATURDAY, November 7th, for Vicksburg and the Bends and will continue regularly in the trade leaving here every Saturday, and Wednesday for Memphis every Tuesday. Strict attention will be paid to all way business in the lands.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents.
oct11 tf 220 Front street.

TRANSPORTATION.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE
RAILROAD.
NEW FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS ARE INFORMED that a

JOINT FREIGHT TARIFF

Has been arranged between Memphis and Stations on the MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD, by which Freights are delivered at those points

Without Change of Car or Transfer

The inconvenience and delays heretofore existing will be obviated by this arrangement, and we are satisfied will prove of GREAT IMPORTANCE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS.
Tariffs and other information can be had by application at 257½ Main street, or at the Depot.
A. S. LIVERMORE,
novi 1m General Superintendent.

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.
Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	12:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:30 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	3:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.
The 2:55 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,
Can be procured at the Company's Office, 257½ Main street, and at Depot, foot of Main street.
☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels. Private Residences, or on board steamboats, to all principal points East and North.
SAM. R. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sept1

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK
RAILROAD.
Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:
Going West—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.
Going East—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.
The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.
Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.
Freights for Madison or way stations received by F. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.
Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.
☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.
au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

THROUGH COTTON ROUTE.
Shortest, Quickest, Best---Via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and its Connections.

RATE ON COTTON PER 100 LBS.

From Memphis to	Via Norfolk. Comp. U. comp.	Via Norfolk. Comp. Uncomp.	Via Charleston. Comp. Uncomp.
New York	$1 30	$1 65	$1 30	$1 65
Boston	1 38	1 75	—	—
Philadelphia	1 28	1 75	—	—
Baltimore	1 14	1 45	1 22	1 45
Petersburg and Rich'm'd	92	1 17	1 14	1 45
Norfolk	1 00	1 22	—	—
Court'n son	—	—	85	1 25

This line gives Shippers advantage of TWO ROUTES.
For through Bills Lading or information apply to F. H. TALLY General Agent, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE, Agent at depot.
Claims for LOSS OR DAMAGE PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston R. R.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent, Memphis and Charleston R. R. oct10

Regular Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans Packets.
THE ELEGANT STEAMERS
RUTH.....Captain Rush Pegram.
—AND—
LADY GAY, Captain John Burke.
One of the above packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans every SATURDAY, at 5 p.m., or on the arrival of the tra ns.
RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE Agent,
oct28 1w 301 Front street.

FOR MOUND CITY.
STEAMER FROSTA LEAVES every day for Mound City at 7½ a.m., 11 a.m., 3 p.m. and 5 p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7½ a.m., 11 a.m., 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.
MARK R. CHEEK, Master.
tv11

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER
Packet Comp'y.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an organization has been effected under a charter granted by the Legislature of Tennessee, November 17, 1866, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company."
JOHN D. ADAMS,
J. M. TEBBETTS,
JAMES LAWSON,
R. L. HAINES,
HARRISON BLASDEL, } Directors.

The Line of Boats known as the "Memphis and Arkansas River U. S. Mail Packet Company," is merged in the chartered company.
JOHN D. ADAMS, President.
J. M. TEBBETTS, Secretary.

☞ The following boats will each make a trip a week until the new boats of the Company, now being built, are finished; leaving MEMPHIS as heretofore, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 6 o'clock p.m:

Thursday, St'r W. A. Caldwell, R. Haines Master.
Monday, Steamer Ozark, Nowland, Master.

Connecting at Little Rock with the steamers Van Buren, Fort Smith and American, for all points above, as high as Fort Gibson.
From the 1st to the 16th of November the new boats will be finished, and the Company will then run four boats from Memphis through to Fort Smith, giving direct communication with all points on the river, the Arkansas river now being in good navigable condition. Passengers and freight are put through to all points on the river without delay, and at reasonable rates.
All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to JNO. D. ADAMS, Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to W. W. JOHNSON, Napoleon, Ark.
JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
sep23 304 Front street, Mosby Block.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,
MAGENTA
Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS
MISSISSIPPI,
Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON
ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans
Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.
Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.
MART WALT & CO., Agents
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 220 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

MUSICAL.

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST
ASSORTMENT OF
PIANOS AND ORGANS.
317 | F. KATZENBACH, | 317
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons and other First Class Piano-makers. Also for Mason & Hamlin's cabinet Organs, and their cheaper Melodeon Organs, suitable for Church and Parlor.
EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED for from 5 to 10 years.
Good Second-hand Pianos from $100 to $300.
SHEET MUSIC and Musical Merchandise generally.
Frames made to order.
Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. oc22

WINES AND LIQUORS.

ALGEO & CO.,
[Successors to SMITH & LEECH,]
Rectifiers, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors,
No. 342 SECOND STREET,
Memphis, - - - Tennessee.
OUR apparatus for the rectification of spirits are all new—the most complete and extensive of any establishment west of New York. We are now prepared to furnish a first-class article of
PURE SPIRITS,
COLOGNE SPIRITS,
ALCOHOL, Full Strength.
A full supply of low grades Whiskies always on hand at lowest rates. Also a full line of Copper Distilled and Bourbon Whiskies, to which we call the attention of Wholesale Buyers. oct8

GROCERS.

J. P. COFFIN, Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., CHAS. COFFIN, HECTOR COFFIN.
COFFIN BROS.,
DEALERS IN
Choice Groceries,
392 Main Street,
(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.
JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.
Shaker Preserves, Jellie—assorted;
Golden Syrup, Family Syrup, Sugar House Molasses;
Coffees—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha;
The fine market;
Mackerel No. 1; Salmon in kits and Pickled, White Fish, Codfish, in bulk, and Re-dated;
Choice Lard in caddies and in Tin Cans, 10 lbs., 20 lbs. and 40 lbs.
N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. oc23

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.
OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1851. Building Material of all kinds, dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Paneling. We could extend to be undersold. Yard and office west Washington street, near river.
sep18dawtf M. K. & J. W. GOODMAN.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.
CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, : TENNESSEE.
BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Posts and Caps, Balusters and Rails, Lattice Pailings, Laths, Shingles, and a choice lot of Seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for
Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.
☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. sept18 2m

CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1837,
PROCTOR & GAMBLE
CINCINNATI.
SOAP, CANDLES, OILS,
Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.
☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3m

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS
DUBOIS & AUGUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES
47 Race Street, Cincinnati.
sep9 3m

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.
E. O. HURD & CO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants
No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.
LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep16 1y

TRUST SALE.

Marshal's Sale.

Wm. Cornwall vs. Amelia Cornwall. In Chancery, No. 21,906.
BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1868,

About the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the courthouse of this county, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, for equal instalments of the purchase money, all that tract or parcel of land, lying and situated in the city of Louisville and State of Kentucky, beginning at the northwest corner of Washington and Perry streets; thence running northwardly with Perry street 477 feet to Bogg's creek or Water street; thence with said creek or Water street westwardly 111 feet to an alley; thence northwardly with said alley 477 feet to Washington street; thence eastwardly with Washington street 113 feet to the beginning, together with all the machinery, stock, fixtures, boats, tubs, etc., used with and in said property known as the Candles and Soap Factory of Cornwall & Bro.
The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security. F. C. WELLMAN,
Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.
L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Deputies. oct28 tds

TRUSTEE SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Wm. B. FAY on the 30th day of March, A.D. 1867, to John D. Trotter Trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes payable as follows, to wit: One note for six thousand dollars, due and payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 30th day of January, A.D. 1868, with ten per cent. interest from date, and dated the 30th of March, A.D. 1867. One note of the same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on 30th day of March, A.D. 1869, with legal interest from date. And one note of same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman with legal interest from date. Said Deed of Trust is recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Tunica county, State of Mississippi, in Book E. of the records of deeds for said county, page 341. And by virtue of, and in pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of said Tunica county, made at the April term thereof, A.D. 1868, investing myself with the powers of Trustee to said Deed of Trust, the death of the said Jno. D. Trotter, Trustee as aforesaid, having been suggested to said Chancery Court, I will, on the

28th Day of December, A.D. 1868,

At the courthouse door in the town of Austin in the county of Tunica, State of Mississippi proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash the following lands as described in said Deed of Trust, as follows, to wit: All of section seven (7) of Township (4) of Range eleven, (11), west lying and being in said Tunica county and State of Mississippi. Sale within lawful hours. Title supposed to be good, but I will sell only as Trustee. J. F. SAMPLE, Trustee.
October 15, 1868. oct27 tds

Removal.

ONLEY & DUVAL have removed their law office to the Southwest Corner of Monroe and Second streets. oct5 1m

COTTON---COMMISSION

NEWTON FORD, Form'ly of F. Lane & Co., H. FURSTENHEIM. D. T. PORTER, Late Porter & Macrae Late of Porter & Co.
NEWTON FORD & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. sept20 3m

New Firm.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of LEVY & SHARPE, for the transaction of a general Commission and Steamboat Agency business.
E. A. LEVY,
Memphis, Sept. 1, 1868. JAS. B. SHARPE.

CARD.
E. A. LEVY Late Levy & Miller.
JAS. B. SHARPE, Late of Pine Bluff, Ark.
LEVY & SHARPE,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
—AND—
General Steamboat Agents,
No. 250 Front Street,
sept tf MEMPHIS, TENN.

M. C. PEARCE, Late of Pearce, Park & Co. E. J. LAMBERT, Indian Bay, Ark.
L. B. SUGGS, late of Pearce, Park & Co.
PEARCE, LAMBERT & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And Commission Merchants,
226 FRONT ST., UP-STAIRS, MEMPHIS, Tenn. Strict attention given to the sale of Cotton and other Produce. Consignments insured under our open policy, unless otherwise ordered. Liberal advances made on consignments. au18 6m

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN
F. LANE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
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